

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

UNDERGRADUATE COURSE (B.Sc. HONOURS) IN PHYSICS

**Approved By
Academic Council on 23.04.2019
Governing Body on 03.05.2019**



**With Effect From
2019-2020**

Course Structure details for B.Sc. (Honors) in Physics

Courses	Credits
I. Core Course Theory (14 papers) Core Course Practical (4 Papers) Core Course Practical (2 Papers)	14X 4= 56 4 X 4=16 2 X 6=12
II. Discipline Specific Elective * (4 papers)	4 X 6 = 24
III. Generic Elective (from other departments) (4 Papers)	4 X 6 =24
IV. Ability Enhancement Courses 1. Ability Enhancement Compulsory (4 Papers) 2. Ability Enhancement Elective (Skill Based) (2 papers)	 4 X 2=8 2 X 2=4
Total (CGPA Course)	144
*Optional Dissertation or project work in place of one Discipline Specific Elective paper (6 credits) in 6th Semester	
V. Non CGPA Courses 1. Seminar / MOOC's /Other academic activities (6 papers) 2. Skill X / NSS / Yoga (6 papers)	 6 X 1 = 6 6 X 1 = 6
Total (NON CGPA Courses)	12
Total (CGPA + Non CGPA Course)	156

**PROPOSED SCHEME FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM IN
B. SC. HONOURS (PHYSICS)**

	CORE COURSE (Th 14 + Prac 06)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) (4)	Ability Enhancement Elective Course (AEEC) (2) (Skill Based)	Elective: Discipline Specific DSE (4)	Elective: Generic (GE) (4)	Co-academic (6)	Co – curricular (6)
I	Mathematical Physics-I (4)	(English/MIL Communication) /Environmental Science			GE-1	SEMINAR /MOOC's/ other academic activities	SKILL X , NSS/ Yoga
	Mechanics (4)						
	Physics Lab I (4)						
II	Electricity& Magnetism (4)	Environmental Science/ (English/MIL Communication)			GE-2	SEMINAR / other academic activities	SKILL X , NSS/ Yoga
	Waves and Optics (4)						
	Physics Lab II (4)						
III	Mathematical Physics–II (4)		AEEC -1		GE-3	SEMINAR /MOOC's/ other academic activities	SKILL X , NSS/ Yoga
	Thermal Physics (4)						
	Digital Systems and Applications (4)						
	Physics Lab III (6)						
IV	Mathematical Physics–III (4)	Values and Ethics/ Management Practices and Entrepreneurship Development	AEEC -2		GE-4	SEMINAR /MOOC's/ other academic activities	SKILL X , NSS/ Yoga
	Elements of Modern Physics (4)						

	Analog Systems & Applications (4)						
	Physics Lab IV (6)						
V	Quantum Mechanics (4)	Management Practices and Entrepreneurship Development/ Values and Ethics		DSE-1		SEMINAR /MOOC's/ other academic activities	SKILL X , NSS/ Yoga
	Solid State Physics (4)			DSE -2			
	Physics Lab V (4)						
VI	Electromagnetic Theory (4)			DSE -3		SEMINAR / other academic activities	SKILL X , NSS/ Yoga
	Statistical Mechanics (4)			DSE -4			
	Physics Lab VI (4)						

Distribution of Marks

Credit	Full Marks	Internal Assessment	Mid Term Exam	End Sem Examination
Theory 04	100	20	30	50
Theory 06	150	30	45	75
Practical 02	50	20		30
Practical 04	100	40	-	60
Practical 06	150	60		90

SEM	CGPA	NON CGPA	FULL MARKS
SEM I	500	50	550
SEM II	500	50	550
SEM III	650	50	700
SEM IV	700	50	750
SEM V	650	50	700
SEM VI	600	50	650
Total	3600	300	3900

SEM	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	Credits	Contact Hours/Week
I	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-I	English	2	2
	Core course-I	Mathematical Physics-I	4	4
	Core course-II	Mechanics	4	4
	Core Course Practical/Tutorial	Physics Lab 1	4	8
	Generic Elective -1 (Department A)	GE I	6	6/8
	TOTAL		20	24/26
	SEMINAR /MOOC's/other academic activities		1	
	SKILLX , NSS/Yoga		1	
	Total (CGPA + Non CGPA)		22	
II	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-II	Environmental Science	2	2
	Core course-III	Electricity and Magnetism	4	4
	Core course-IV	Waves and Optics	4	4
	Core Course Practical/Tutorial	Physics Lab II	4	8
	Generic Elective -2 (Department B)	GE-2	6	6/8
	TOTAL		20	24/26
	SEMINAR /MOOC's/other academic activities		1	
	SKILLX , NSS/Yoga		1	
	Total (CGPA + Non CGPA)		22	
III	Core course-V	Mathematical Physics-II	4	4
	Core course-VI	Thermal Physics	4	4
	Core course-VII	Digital Systems and Applications	4	4
	Core Course Practical/Tutorial	Physics Lab III	6	12
	Skill Enhancement Course -1	SEC-1	2	2
	Generic Elective -3 (Department A)	GE 3	6	6/8
	TOTAL		26	32/34
	SEMINAR /MOOC's/other academic activities		1	
	SKILLX , NSS/Yoga		1	
Total (CGPA + Non CGPA)		28		

IV	Core course-VIII	Mathematical Physics III	4	4
	Core course-IX	Elements of Modern Physics	4	4
	Core course-X	Analog Systems and Applications	4	4
	Core Course Practical/Tutorial	Physics Lab IV	6	12
	Skill Enhancement Course -2	SEC -2	2	2
	Generic Elective -4 (Department B)	GE-4	6	6/8
	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-III	Values and Ethics	2	2
	TOTAL		28	34/36
	SEMINAR /MOOC's/other academic activities		1	
	SKILLX , NSS/Yoga		1	
Total (CGPA + Non CGPA)		30		
V	Core course-XI	Quantum Mechanics	4	4
	Core course-XII	Solid State Physics	4	4
	Core Course Practical/Tutorial	Physics Lab V	4	8
	Discipline Specific Elective -1	DSE-1	6	6/8
	Discipline Specific Elective -2	DSE-2	6	6/8
	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-IV	Management Practices and Entrepreneurship Development	2	2
	TOTAL		26	30/32/34
SEMINAR /MOOC's/other academic activities		1		
SKILLX , NSS/Yoga		1		
Total (CGPA + Non CGPA)		28		
VI	Core course-XIII	Electromagnetic Theory	4	4
	Core course-XIV	Statistical Mechanics	4	4
	Core Course Practical/Tutorial	Physics Lab VI	4	8
	Discipline Specific Elective -3	DSE-3	6	6/8
	Discipline Specific Elective-4	DSE-4	6	6/8
TOTAL		24	28/30/32	
SEMINAR /MOOC's/other academic activities		1		
SKILLX , NSS/Yoga		1		
Total (CGPA + Non CGPA)		26		
Total Credits		156		

Core Papers:

(Credit: 04 each) (4 period / week for Theory or 8 periods / week for practical)

(Credit: 06 each) (6 period / week for Theory or 12 periods /week for practical)

1. BPY 101 : Mathematical Physics-I (4)
2. BPY 102 : Mechanics (4)
3. BPY 201 : Electricity and Magnetism (4)
4. BPY 201 : Waves and Optics (4)
5. BPY 301 : Mathematical Physics–II (4)
6. BPY 302 : Thermal Physics (4)
7. BPY 303 : Digital Systems and Applications (4)
8. BPY 401 : Mathematical Physics III (4)
9. BPY 402 : Elements of Modern Physics (4)
10. BPY 403 : Analog Systems and Applications (4)
11. BPY 501 : Quantum Mechanics and Applications (4)
12. BPY 502 : Solid State Physics (4)
13. BPY 601 : Electromagnetic Theory (4)
14. BPY 602 : Statistical Mechanics (4)
15. BPY 191 : Physics Lab I (4)
16. BPY 291 : Physics Lab II (4)
17. BPY 391 : Physics Lab III (6)
18. BPY 491 : Physics Lab IV (6)
19. BPY 591 : Physics Lab V (4)
20. BPY 691 : Physics Lab VI (4)

Discipline Specific Elective Papers: (Credit: 06 each) (4 papers to be selected by the students)

(Credit: 06 each) (6 period / week)

1. BPY 001 : Classical Dynamics (4) + Tutorials (2)
2. BPY 002 : Nuclear and Particle Physics (4) + Tutorials (2)
3. BPY 003 : Nano Materials and Applications (4) + Tutorials (2)
4. BPY 004 : Astronomy and Astrophysics (4) + Tutorials (2)
5. BPY 005 : Laser and Fibre optics (4) + Tutorials (2)
6. BPY 006 : Plasma Physics and Applications (4) + Tutorial (2)

7. BPY 007 : Physics of the Earth (4) + Tutorials (2)
8. BPY 008 : Advanced Experiments (2) + Tutorial (4)
9. BPY 009 : Project / Term Paper (6)

Skill Enhancement Courses (Credit: 02 each) (2 papers to be selected)

1. SEC 001 : Physics Workshop Skills
2. SEC 002 : Computational Skills
3. SEC 003 : Electrical Circuit and Network Skills
4. SEC 004 : Basic Instrumentation Skills
5. SEC 005 : Renewable Energy and Energy harvesting
6. SEC 006 : Technical Drawing
7. SEC 007 : Radiation Safety
8. SEC 008 : Weather Forecasting

**From any two Departments of the University
(Four papers : 2 papers from each department)**

**Generic Elective Papers (GE) (Minor-Physics) (any two) for other
Departments / Disciplines: (Credit: 06 each)**

1. GE 001 : Mechanics (4) + Lab (2)
2. GE 002 : Electricity and Magnetism (4) + Lab (2)
3. GE 003 : Thermal Physics (4) + Lab (2)
4. GE 004 : Waves and Optics (4) + Lab (2)
5. GE 005 : Digital, Analog Circuit and Instrumentation (4)+ Lab (2)
6. GE 006 : Elements of Modern Physics (4) + Lab (2)
7. GE 007 : Solid State Physics (4) + Lab (2)

CORE COURSES

Semester I

BPY 101: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-I

(Credits: 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Recapitulation

Limits, continuity, average and instantaneous quantities, differentiation. Plotting functions. Intuitive ideas of continuous, differentiable, etc. functions and plotting of curves. Approximation: Taylor and binomial series (statements only).

(2 Lectures)

Vector Algebra

Recapitulation of vectors: Properties of vectors under rotations. Scalar product and its invariance under rotations. Vector product, Scalar triple product and their interpretation in terms of area and volume respectively. Scalar and Vector fields.

(5 Lectures)

Vector Calculus

Vector Differentiation: Directional derivatives and normal derivative. Gradient of a scalar field and its geometrical interpretation. Divergence and curl of a vector field. Del and Laplacian operators. Vector identities.

(8 Lectures)

Vector Calculus

Vector Integration: Ordinary Integrals of Vectors. Multiple integrals, Jacobian. Notion of infinitesimal line, surface and volume elements. Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector fields. Flux of a vector field. Gauss' divergence theorem, Green's and Stokes Theorems and their applications (no rigorous proofs).

(14 Lectures)

Orthogonal Curvilinear Coordinates

Orthogonal Curvilinear Coordinates. Derivation of Gradient, Divergence, Curl and Laplacian in Cartesian, Spherical and Cylindrical Coordinate Systems.

(6 Lectures)

Ordinary differential equation

First Order and Second Order Differential equations: First Order Differential Equations and Integrating Factor. Homogeneous Equations with constant coefficients. Wronskian and general solution. Statement of existence and Uniqueness Theorem for Initial Value Problems. Particular Integral.

(13 Lectures)

Partial differential equation

Calculus of functions of more than one variable: Partial derivatives, exact and inexact differentials. Integrating factor, with simple illustration. Constrained

Maximization using Lagrange Multipliers.

(6 Lectures)

Introduction to probability

Independent random variables: Probability distribution functions; binomial, Gaussian, and Poisson, with examples. Mean and variance. Dependent events: Conditional Probability. Bayes' Theorem and the idea of hypothesis testing.

(4 Lectures)

Dirac Delta function and its properties

Definition of Dirac delta function. Representation as limit of a Gaussian function and rectangular function. Properties of Dirac delta function.

(2 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Mathematical Methods for Physicists, G.B. Arfken, H.J. Weber, F.E. Harris, 2013, 7th Edn., Elsevier.
 - An introduction to ordinary differential equations, E.A. Coddington, 2009, PHI learning
 - Differential Equations, George F. Simmons, 2007, McGraw Hill.
 - Mathematical Tools for Physics, James Nearing, 2010, Dover Publications.
 - Mathematical methods for Scientists and Engineers, D.A. McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Book
 - Advanced Engineering Mathematics, D.G. Zill and W.S. Wright, 5 Ed., 2012, Jones and Bartlett Learning
 - Mathematical Physics, Goswami, 1st edition, Cengage Learning
 - Engineering Mathematics, S.Pal and S.C. Bhunia, 2015, Oxford University Press
 - Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, 2008, Wiley India.
 - Essential Mathematical Methods, K.F.Riley & M.P.Hobson, 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press
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BPY 102: MECHANICS

(Credits: 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Fundamentals of Dynamics: Reference frames. Inertial frames; Review of Newton's Laws of Motion. Galilean transformations; Galilean invariance. Momentum of variable- mass system: motion of rocket. Motion of a projectile in Uniform gravitational field Dynamics of a system of particles. Centre of Mass. Principle of conservation of momentum. Impulse. **(6 Lectures)**

Work and Energy: Work and Kinetic Energy Theorem. Conservative and non-conservative forces. Potential Energy. Energy diagram. Stable and unstable equilibrium. Elastic potential energy. Force as gradient of potential energy. Work & Potential energy. Work done by non-conservative forces. Law of conservation of Energy. **(4 Lectures)**

Collisions: Elastic and inelastic collisions between particles. Centre of Mass and Laboratory frames. **(4 Lectures)**

Rotational Dynamics: Angular momentum of a particle and system of particles. Torque. Principle of conservation of angular momentum. Rotation about a fixed axis. Moment of Inertia. Calculation of moment of inertia for rectangular, cylindrical and spherical bodies. Kinetic energy of rotation. Motion involving both translation and rotation. **(6 Lectures)**

Elasticity: Relation between Elastic constants. Twisting torque on a Cylinder or Wire. **(3 Lectures)**

Fluids: Surface energy. Capillarity. Angle of contact. Kinematics of Moving Fluids: Poiseuille's Equation for Flow of a Liquid through a Capillary Tube. Stoke's law. **(5 Lectures)**

Gravitation and Central Force Motion: Law of gravitation. Gravitational potential energy. Inertial and gravitational mass. Potential and field due to spherical shell and solid sphere. **(4 Lectures)**

Motion of a particle under a central force field. Two-body problem and its reduction to one-body problem and its solution. The energy equation and energy diagram. Kepler's Laws. Satellite in circular orbit and applications. Geosynchronous orbits. Weightlessness. Basic idea of global positioning system (GPS).

(6 Lectures)

Oscillations: SHM: Simple Harmonic Oscillations. Differential equation of SHM and its solution. Kinetic energy, potential energy, total energy and their time-average values. Damped oscillation. Forced oscillations: Transient and steady states; Resonance, sharpness of resonance; power dissipation and Quality Factor.

(7 Lectures)

Non-Inertial Systems: Non-inertial frames and fictitious forces. Uniformly rotating frame. Laws of Physics in rotating coordinate systems. Centrifugal force. Coriolis force and its applications. Components of Velocity and Acceleration in Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinate Systems.

(5 Lectures)

Special Theory of Relativity: Michelson-Morley Experiment and its outcome. Postulates of Special Theory of Relativity. Lorentz Transformations. Simultaneity and order of events. Lorentz contraction. Time dilation. Twin paradox. Relativistic transformation of velocity, Relativistic Doppler effect. Relativistic addition of velocities. Variation of mass with velocity. Massless Particles. Mass-energy Equivalence. Transformation of Energy and Momentum. Minkowski space. The invariant interval, light cone and world lines. Space-time diagrams.. Four-vectors: space-like, time-like and light-like.

(10 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- An introduction to mechanics, D. Kleppner, R.J. Kolenkow, 1973, McGraw-Hill.
 - Mechanics, Berkeley Physics, vol.1, C.Kittel, W.Knight, et.al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
 - Physics, Resnick, Halliday and Walker 8/e. 2008, Wiley.
 - Analytical Mechanics, G.R. Fowles and G.L. Cassiday. 2005, Cengage Learning.
 - Feynman Lectures, Vol. I, R.P.Feynman, R.B.Leighton, M.Sands, 2008, Pearson Education
 - Introduction to Special Relativity, R. Resnick, 2005, John Wiley and Sons.
 - University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
 - Mechanics, D.S. Mathur, S. Chand and Company Limited, 2000
 - University Physics. F.W Sears, M.W Zemansky, H.D Young 13/e, 1986, Addison Wesley
 - Under graduate Physics, Vol I, Bhattacharya and Bhattacharya, NCBA
 - Physics for scientists and Engineers with Modern Phys., J.W. Jewett, R.A. Serway, 2010, Cengage Learning
 - Theoretical Mechanics, M.R. Spiegel, 2006, Tata McGraw Hill.
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BPY 191 PHYSICS LAB- I

Part A

Tutorial 30

1. Introduction and Overview of Input/output devices
2. Basics of computer programming language, algorithm, syntax.
3. Sorting of numbers, Calculation of mean, median, mode
4. Sum of GP series, Roots of Quadratic equation
3. Matrix algebra
4. Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations

Part B

Classes 60

1. Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope.
2. To study the random error in observations.
3. To determine the height of a building using a Sextant.
4. To study the Motion of Spring and calculate (a) Spring constant, (b) g and (c) Modulus of rigidity.
5. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
6. To determine g and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique
7. To determine Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's method).
8. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
9. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.
10. To determine the elastic Constants of a wire by Searle's method.
11. To determine the value of g using Bar Pendulum.
12. To determine the value of g using Kater's Pendulum.

Reference Books

- Programming with C , Gottfried- Schaum series.
- Numerical Methods in Fortran . J.M. McCulloch and M.G. Salvadori
- A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher & C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning.
- Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3rd Edn . , 2007 , Wiley India Edition.
- An Introduction to computational Physics, T.Pang, 2nd Edn. , 2006, Cambridge Univ. Press
- Computational Physics, Darren Walker, 1st Edn., 2015, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd.

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Edn, 2011, Kitab Mahal

- Advanced practical Physics, Bhattacharya and Bhattacharya , Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata
- Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt.Ltd.
- Practical Physics, G.L. Squires, 2015, 4th Edition, Cambridge University Press.

Semester II

BPY 201: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

(Credits: 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Electric Field and Electric Potential

Electric field: Electric field lines. Electric flux. Gauss' Law with applications to charge distributions with spherical, cylindrical and planar symmetry.

(6 Lectures)

Conservative nature of Electrostatic Field. Electrostatic Potential. Laplace's and Poisson equations. The Uniqueness Theorem. Potential and Electric Field of a dipole. Force and Torque on a dipole.

(6 Lectures)

Electrostatic energy of system of charges. Electrostatic energy of a charged sphere. Conductors in an electrostatic Field. Surface charge and force on a conductor. Capacitance of a system of charged conductors. Parallel-plate capacitor. Capacitance of an isolated conductor. Method of Images and its application to: (1) Plane Infinite Sheet and (2) Sphere.

(10 Lectures)

Dielectric Properties of Matter

Electric Field in matter. Polarization, Polarization Charges. Electrical Susceptibility and Dielectric Constant. Capacitor (parallel plate, spherical, cylindrical) filled with dielectric. Displacement vector **D**. Relations between **E**, **P** and **D**. Gauss' Law in dielectrics.

(8 Lectures)

Magnetic Field

Magnetic force between current elements and definition of Magnetic Field **B**. Biot-Savart's Law and its simple applications: straight wire and circular loop. Current Loop as a Magnetic Dipole and its Dipole Moment (Analogy with Electric Dipole). Ampere's Circuital Law and its application to (1) Solenoid and (2) Toroid.

Properties of **B**: curl and divergence. Vector Potential. Magnetic Force on (1) point charge (2) current carrying wire (3) between current elements. Torque on a current loop in a uniform Magnetic Field.

(9 Lectures)

Magnetic Properties of Matter

Magnetization vector (**M**). Magnetic Intensity (**H**). Magnetic Susceptibility and permeability. Relation between B, H, M. Ferromagnetism. B-H curve and hysteresis.

(4 Lectures)

Electromagnetic Induction

Faraday's Law. Lenz's Law. Self Inductance and Mutual Inductance. Reciprocity Theorem. Energy stored in a Magnetic Field. Introduction to Maxwell's Equations. Charge Conservation and Displacement current.

(6 Lectures)

Electrical Circuits: AC Circuits: Kirchhoff's laws for AC circuits. Complex Reactance and Impedance. Series LCR Circuit: (1) Resonance, (2) Power Dissipation and (3) Quality Factor, and (4) Band Width. Parallel LCR Circuit.

(4 Lectures)

Network theorems: Ideal Constant-voltage and Constant-current Sources. Network Theorems: Thevenin theorem, Norton theorem, Superposition theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Maximum Power Transfer theorem. Applications to dc circuits.

(4 Lectures)

Ballistic Galvanometer: Torque on a current Loop. Ballistic Galvanometer: Current and Charge Sensitivity. Electromagnetic damping. Logarithmic damping. CDR.

(3 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Electricity, Magnetism & Electromagnetic Theory, S. Mahajan and Choudhury, 2012, Tata McGraw
 - Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986 McGraw-Hill Education
 - Introduction to Electrodynamics, D.J. Griffiths, 3rd Edn., 1998, Benjamin Cummings.
 - Feynman Lectures Vol.2, R.P.Feynman, R.B.Leighton, M. Sands, 2008, Pearson Education
 - Undergraduate Physics, Vol II, A.B. Bhattacharya and R. Bhattacharya, NCBA, Kolkata
 - Elements of Electromagnetics, M.N.O. Sadiku, 2010, Oxford University Press.
 - Electricity and Magnetism, J.H.Fewkes & J.Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press.
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BPY 202: WAVES AND OPTICS
(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Superposition of Collinear Harmonic oscillations: Linearity and Superposition Principle. Superposition of two collinear oscillations having (1) equal frequencies and different frequencies (Beats). Superposition of N collinear Harmonic Oscillations with (1) equal phase differences and (2) equal frequency differences.

(5 Lectures)

Superposition of two perpendicular Harmonic Oscillations: Graphical and Analytical Methods. Lissajous Figures with equal and unequal frequency and their uses.

(2 Lectures)

Wave Motion: Plane and Spherical Waves. Longitudinal and Transverse Waves. Plane Progressive (Travelling) Waves. Wave Equation. Particle and Wave Velocities. Differential Equation. Pressure of a Longitudinal Wave. Energy Transport. Intensity of Wave. Water Waves: Ripple and Gravity Waves.

(4 Lectures)

Velocity of Waves: Velocity of Transverse Vibrations of Stretched Strings. Velocity of Longitudinal Waves in a Fluid in a Pipe. Newton's Formula for Velocity of Sound. Laplace's Correction.

(6 Lectures)

Superposition of Two Harmonic Waves: Standing (Stationary) Waves in a String: Fixed and Free Ends. Analytical Treatment. Phase and Group Velocities. Changes with respect to Position and Time. Energy of Vibrating String. Transfer of Energy. Normal Modes of Stretched Strings. Plucked and Struck Strings. Melde's Experiment. Longitudinal Standing Waves and Normal Modes. Open and Closed Pipes. Superposition of N Harmonic Waves.

(7 Lectures)

Wave Optics: Electromagnetic nature of light. Definition and properties of wave front. Huygens Principle. Temporal and Spatial Coherence.

(3 Lectures)

Interference: Division of amplitude and wavefront. Young's double slit experiment. Lloyd's Mirror and Fresnel's Biprism. Phase change on reflection: Stokes' treatment. Interference in Thin Films: parallel and wedge-shaped films. Fringes of equal inclination (Haidinger Fringes); Fringes of equal thickness (Fizeau Fringes). Newton's Rings: Measurement of wavelength and refractive index.

(9 Lectures)

Interferometer: Michelson Interferometer-(1) Idea of formation of fringes (No theory required), (2) Determination of Wavelength, (3) Wavelength Difference, (4) Refractive Index, and (5) Visibility of Fringes. Fabry-Perot interferometer.

(4 Lectures)

Diffraction: Kirchhoff's Integral Theorem, Fresnel-Kirchhoff's Integral formula.
(Qualitative discussion only) **(2 Lectures)**

Fraunhofer diffraction: Single slit. Circular aperture, Resolving Power of a telescope. Double slit. Multiple slits. Diffraction grating. Resolving power of grating. **(8 Lectures)**

Fresnel Diffraction: Fresnel's Assumptions. Fresnel's Half-Period Zones for Plane Wave. Explanation of Rectilinear Propagation of Light. Theory of a Zone Plate: Multiple Foci of a Zone Plate. Fresnel's Integral, Fresnel diffraction pattern of a straight edge, a slit and a wire. **(8 Lectures)**

Holography: Principle of Holography. Recording and Reconstruction Method. Theory of Holography as Interference between two Plane Waves. Point source holograms. **(2 Lectures)**

Reference Books

- Waves: Berkeley Physics Course, vol. 3, Francis Crawford, 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
 - Fundamentals of Optics, F.A. Jenkins and H.E. White, 1981, McGraw-Hill
 - Principles of Optics, Max Born and Emil Wolf, 7th Edn., 1999, Pergamon Press.
 - Optics, Ajoy Ghatak, 2008, Tata McGraw Hill
 - The Physics of Vibrations and Waves, H. J. Pain, 2013, John Wiley and Sons.
 - The Physics of Waves and Oscillations, N.K. Bajaj, 1998, Tata McGraw Hill.
 - Fundamental of Optics, A. Kumar, H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna, 2011, R. Chand Publications.
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BPY 291 PHYSICS LAB- II

Part A

60 Classes

1. Use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c) DC Current, (d) Capacitances, and (e) Checking electrical fuses.
2. To study the characteristics of a series RC Circuit.
3. To determine an unknown Low Resistance using Potentiometer.
4. To determine an unknown Low Resistance using Carey Foster's Bridge.
5. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
6. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a solenoid (determine dB/dx)
7. To verify the Thevenin and Norton theorems.
8. To verify the Superposition, and Maximum power transfer theorems.
9. To determine self inductance of a coil by Anderson's bridge.
10. To study response curve of a Series LCR circuit and determine its (a)

Resonant frequency, (b) Impedance at resonance, (c) Quality factor Q, and (d) Band width.

11. To study the response curve of a parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti- resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor Q.
12. Measurement of charge and current sensitivity and CDR of Ballistic Galvanometer
13. Determine a high resistance by leakage method using Ballistic Galvanometer.
14. To determine self-inductance of a coil by Rayleigh's method.
15. To determine the mutual inductance of two coils by Absolute method.

Part B

60 Classes

1. To determine the frequency of an electric tuning fork by Melde's experiment and verify $\lambda^2 - T$ law.
2. To investigate the motion of coupled oscillators.
3. To study Lissajous Figures.
4. Familiarization with: Schuster's focusing; determination of angle of prism.
5. To determine refractive index of the Material of a prism using sodium source.
6. To determine the dispersive power and Cauchy constants of the material of a prism using mercury source.
7. To determine the wavelength of sodium source using Michelson's interferometer.
8. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.
9. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
10. To determine the thickness of a thin paper by measuring the width of the interference fringes produced by a wedge-shaped Film.
11. To determine wavelength of (1) Na source and (2) spectral lines of Hg source using plane diffraction grating.
12. To determine dispersive power and resolving power of a plane diffraction grating.

Reference Books

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi and B.Mallick, 2015, Cengage Learning.
- Advanced Practical Physics, Bhattacharya and Bhattacharya, Medical Allied Agency
- A Laboratory Manual of Physics for undergraduate classes, D.P.Khandelwal,

- 1985, Vani Pub.
- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, I. Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
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Semester III

BPY 301: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-II

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60

Lectures

Fourier Series: Periodic functions. Orthogonality of sine and cosine functions, Dirichlet Conditions (Statement only). Expansion of periodic functions in a series of sine and cosine functions and determination of Fourier coefficients. Complex representation of Fourier series. Expansion of functions with arbitrary period. Expansion of non-periodic functions over an interval. Even and odd functions and their Fourier expansions. Application. Summing of Infinite Series. Term-by-Term differentiation and integration of Fourier Series. Parseval Identity.

(10 Lectures)

Frobenius Method and Special Functions: Singular Points of Second Order Linear Differential Equations and their importance. Frobenius method and its applications to differential equations. Legendre, Bessel, Hermite and Laguerre Differential Equations. Properties of Legendre Polynomials: Rodrigues Formula, Generating Function, Orthogonality. Simple recurrence relations. Expansion of function in a series of Legendre Polynomials. Bessel Functions of the First Kind: Generating Function, simple recurrence relations. Zeros of Bessel Functions ($J_0(x)$ and $J_1(x)$) and Orthogonality.

(24 Lectures)

Some Special Integrals: Beta and Gamma Functions and Relation between them. Expression of Integrals in terms of Gamma Functions. Error Function (Probability Integral).

(4 Lectures)

Theory of Errors: Systematic and Random Errors. Propagation of Errors. Normal Law of Errors. Standard and Probable Error. Least-squares fit. Error on the slope and intercept of a fitted line.

(6 Lectures)

Partial Differential Equations: Solutions to partial differential equations, using separation of variables: Laplace's Equation in problems of rectangular, cylindrical

and spherical symmetry. Wave equation and its solution for vibrational modes of a stretched string, rectangular and circular membranes. Diffusion Equation.

(16 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Mathematical Methods for Physicists: Arfken, Weber, 2005, Harris, Elsevier.
 - Fourier Analysis by M.R. Spiegel, 2004, Tata McGraw-Hill.
 - Mathematics for Physicists, Susan M. Lea, 2004, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
 - Differential Equations, George F. Simmons, 2006, Tata McGraw-Hill.
 - Partial Differential Equations for Scientists & Engineers, S.J. Farlow, 1993, Dover Pub.
 - Engineering Mathematics, S.Pal and S.C. Bhunia, 2015, Oxford University Press
 - Mathematical methods for Scientists & Engineers, D.A. McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Books
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BPY 302 : THERMAL PHYSICS

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60

Lectures

Kinetic Theory of Gases:

Distribution of Velocities: Maxwell-Boltzmann Law of Distribution of Velocities in an Ideal Gas and its Experimental Verification. Doppler Broadening of Spectral Lines and Stern's Experiment. Mean, RMS and Most Probable Speeds. Degrees of Freedom. Law of Equipartition of Energy (No proof required). Specific heats of Gases. **(7 Lectures)**

Molecular Collisions: Mean Free Path. Collision Probability. Estimates of Mean Free Path. Transport Phenomenon in Ideal Gases: (1) Viscosity, (2) Thermal Conductivity and (3) Diffusion. Brownian Motion and its Significance.

(4 Lectures)

Real Gases: Behavior of Real Gases: Deviations from the Ideal Gas Equation. The Virial Equation. Andrew's Experiments on CO₂ Gas. Critical Constants. Continuity of Liquid and Gaseous State. Vapour and Gas. Boyle Temperature. Van der Waal's Equation of State for Real Gases. Values of Critical Constants. Law of Corresponding States. Comparison with Experimental Curves. P-V Diagrams. Joule's Experiment. Free Adiabatic Expansion of a Perfect Gas. Joule-Thomson Porous Plug Experiment. Joule- Thomson Effect for Real and Van der Waal Gases. Temperature of Inversion. Joule- Thomson Cooling. **(10 Lectures)**

Zeroth and First Law of Thermodynamics: Extensive and intensive Thermodynamic Variables, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics & Concept of Temperature, Concept of Work & Heat, State Functions, First Law of Thermodynamics and its differential form, Internal Energy, First Law & various processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between C_p and C_v , Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes, Compressibility and Expansion Co-efficient. **(8 Lectures)**

Second Law of Thermodynamics: Reversible and Irreversible process with examples. Conversion of Work into Heat and Heat into Work. Heat Engines. Carnot's Cycle, Carnot engine & efficiency. Refrigerator & coefficient of performance, 2nd Law of Thermodynamics: Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements and their Equivalence. Carnot's Theorem. Applications of Second Law of Thermodynamics: Thermodynamic Scale of Temperature and its Equivalence to Perfect Gas Scale. **(10 Lectures)**

Entropy: Concept of Entropy, Clausius Theorem. Clausius Inequality, Second Law of Thermodynamics in terms of Entropy. Entropy of a perfect gas. Principle of Increase of Entropy. Entropy Changes in Reversible and Irreversible processes with examples. Entropy of the Universe. Entropy Changes in Reversible and Irreversible Processes. Principle of Increase of Entropy. Temperature–Entropy diagrams for Carnot's Cycle. Third Law of Thermodynamics. Unattainability of Absolute Zero. **(7 Lectures)**

Thermodynamic Potentials: Thermodynamic Potentials: Internal Energy, Enthalpy, Helmholtz Free Energy, Gibb's Free Energy. Their Definitions, Properties and Applications. Surface Films and Variation of Surface Tension with Temperature. Magnetic Work, Cooling due to adiabatic demagnetization, First and second order Phase Transitions with examples, Clausius Clapeyron Equation and Ehrenfest equations **(7 Lectures)**

Maxwell's Thermodynamic Relations: Derivations and applications of Maxwell's Relations, Maxwell's Relations:(1) Clausius Clapeyron equation, (2) Values of C_p-C_v , (3) TdS Equations, (4) Joule-Kelvin coefficient for Ideal and Van der Waal

Gases, (5) Energy equations, (6) Change of Temperature during Adiabatic Process. **(7 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- Heat and Thermodynamics, M.W. Zemansky, Richard Dittman, 1981, McGraw-Hill.
- A Treatise on Heat, Meghnad Saha, and B.N.Srivastava, 1958, Indian Press
- Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and Ghosh, 2nd Edition, 1993, Tata

McGraw-Hill

- Modern Thermodynamics with Statistical Mechanics, Carl S. Helrich, 2009, Springer.
 - Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory & Statistical Thermodynamics, Sears & Salinger. 1988, Narosa.
 - Concepts in Thermal Physics, S.J. Blundell and K.M. Blundell, 2nd Ed., 2012, Oxford University Press
 - Thermal Physics, A. Kumar and S.P. Taneja, 2014, R. Chand Publications.
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BPY 303: DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND APPLICATIONS

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60

Lectures

Introduction to CRO: Block Diagram of CRO. Electron Gun, Deflection System and Time Base. Deflection Sensitivity. Applications of CRO: (1) Study of Waveform, (2) Measurement of Voltage, Current, Frequency, and Phase Difference. **(3 Lectures)**

Integrated Circuits (Qualitative treatment only): Active & Passive components. Discrete components. Wafer. Chip. Advantages and drawbacks of ICs. Scale of integration: SSI, MSI, LSI and VLSI (basic idea and definitions only). Classification of ICs. Examples of Linear and Digital ICs. **(3 Lectures)**

Digital Circuits: Difference between Analog and Digital Circuits. Binary Numbers. Decimal to Binary and Binary to Decimal Conversion. BCD, Octal and Hexadecimal numbers. AND, OR and NOT Gates (realization using Diodes and Transistor). NAND and NOR Gates as Universal Gates. XOR and XNOR Gates and application as Parity Checkers. **(6 Lectures)**

Boolean algebra: De Morgan's Theorems. Boolean Laws. Simplification of Logic Circuit using Boolean Algebra. Fundamental Products. Idea of Minterms and Maxterms. Conversion of a Truth table into Equivalent Logic Circuit by (1) Sum of Products Method and (2) Karnaugh Map. **(6 Lectures)**

Data processing circuits: Basic idea of Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, Decoders, Encoders. **(4 Lectures)**

Arithmetic Circuits: Binary Addition. Binary Subtraction using 2's Complement. Half and Full Adders. Half & Full Subtractors, 4-bit binary Adder/Subtractor. **(5 Lectures)**

Sequential Circuits: SR, D, and JK Flip-Flops. Clocked (Level and Edge Triggered) Flip-Flops. Preset and Clear operations. Race-around conditions in JK

Flip-Flop. M/S JK Flip-Flop. **(6 Lectures)**

Timers: IC 555: block diagram and applications: Astable multivibrator and Monostable multivibrator. **(3 Lectures)**

Shift registers: Serial-in-Serial-out, Serial-in-Parallel-out, Parallel-in-Serial-out and Parallel-in-Parallel-out Shift Registers (only up to 4 bits). **(2 Lectures)**

Counters(4 bits): Ring Counter. Asynchronous counters, Decade Counter. Synchronous Counter. **(4 Lectures)**

Computer Organization: Input/Output Devices. Data storage (idea of RAM and ROM). Computer memory. Memory organization & addressing. Memory Interfacing. Memory Map. **(6 Lectures)**

Intel 8085 Microprocessor Architecture: Main features of 8085. Block diagram. Components. Pin-out diagram. Buses. Registers. ALU. Memory. Stack memory. Timing & Control circuitry. Timing states. Instruction cycle, Timing diagram of MOV and MVI.

(8 Lectures)

Introduction to Assembly Language: 1 byte, 2 byte & 3 byte instructions.

(4 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Digital Principles and Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach and Saha, 7th Ed., 2011, Tata McGraw
 - Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, Anand Kumar, 2nd Edn, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
 - Digital Circuits and systems, Venugopal, 2011, Tata McGraw Hill.
 - Digital Electronics G K Kharate, 2010, Oxford University Press
 - Digital Systems: Principles & Applications, R.J. Tocci, N.S. Widmer, 2001, PHI Learning
 - Logic circuit design, Shimon P. Vingron, 2012, Springer.
 - Digital Electronics, Subrata Ghoshal, 2012, Cengage Learning.
 - Digital Electronics, S.K. Mandal, 2010, 1st edition, McGraw Hill
 - Microprocessor Architecture Programming & applications with 8085, 2002, R.S. Goankar, Prentice Hall.
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BPY 391 PHYSICS LAB- III
(Credit: 04)

PART A

Tutorial 30

1. Introduction to Numerical computation software
2. Solution of Linear simultaneous equations
3. Solution of Linear system of equations by Gauss elimination method and Gauss Seidel method. Diagonalization of matrices, Inverse of a matrix, Eigen vectors, eigen values problems
4. Numerical Differentiation and Integration

Part B

60 Classes

1. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J , by Callender and Barne's constant flow method.
2. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Searle's Apparatus.
3. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.
4. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
5. To determine the Temperature Coefficient of Resistance by Platinum Resistance Thermometer (PRT).
6. To study the variation of Thermo-Emf of a Thermocouple with Difference of Temperature of its Two Junctions.
7. To calibrate a thermocouple to measure temperature in a specified Range using
(1) Null Method, (2) Direct measurement using Op-Amp difference amplifier and to determine Neutral Temperature.

PART C

60 Classes

1. To measure (a) Voltage, and (b) Time period of a periodic waveform using CRO.
2. To test a Diode and Transistor using a Multimeter.
3. To design a switch (NOT gate) using a transistor.
4. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
5. To design a combinational logic system for a specified Truth Table.
6. To convert a Boolean expression into logic circuit and design it using logic gate ICs.
7. To minimize a given logic circuit.
8. Half Adder, Full Adder and 4-bit binary Adder.
9. Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor, Adder-Subtractor using Full Adder I.C.
10. To build Flip-Flop (RS, Clocked RS, D-type and JK) circuits using NAND gates.
11. To build JK Master-slave flip-flop using Flip-Flop ICs

12. To build a 4-bit Counter using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs and study timing diagram.
13. To make a 4-bit Shift Register (serial and parallel) using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs.
14. To design an astable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
15. To design a monostable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
16. Writing of different programs using 8085 Microprocessor

Reference Books:

- Programming with C , Gottfried- Schaum series.
- Numerical Methods in Fortran . J.M. McCulloch and M.G. Salvadori
- A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher & C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning.
- Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3rd Edn . , 2007 , Wiley India Edition.
- An Introduction to computational Physics, T.Pang, 2nd Edn. , 2006,Cambridge Univ. Press
- Computational Physics, Darren Walker, 1st Edn., 2015, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd.
- Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers, K.F Riley, M.P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, 3rd ed., 2006, Cambridge University Press
- Complex Variables, A.S. Fokas & M.J. Ablowitz, 8th Ed., 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press
- First course in complex analysis with applications, D.G. Zill and P.D. Shanahan, 1940, Jones & Bartlett
- Computational Physics, D.Walker, 1st Edn., 2015, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd.
- A Guide to MATLAB, B.R. Hunt, R.L. Lipsman, J.M. Rosenberg, 2014, 3rd Edn., Cambridge University Press
- Scilab by example: M. Affouf 2012, ISBN: 978-1479203444
- Scilab (A free software to Matlab): H.Ramchandran, A.S.Nair. 2011 S.Chand & Company
- Scilab Image Processing: Lambert M. Surhone. 2010 Betascript Publishing
- www.scilab.in/textbook_companion/generate_book/291
- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Laboratory Manual of Physics for undergraduate classes, D.P.Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Pub.

- Modern Digital Electronics, R.P. Jain, 4th Edition, 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, 1994, Mc-Graw Hill.
- Microprocessor Architecture Programming and applications with 8085, R.S. Goankar, 2002, Prentice Hall.
- Microprocessor 8085:Architecture, Programming and interfacing, A. Wadhwa, 2010, PHI Learning.

Semester IV

BPY401: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-III

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Complex Analysis:

Brief Revision of Complex Numbers and their Graphical Representation. Euler's formula, De Moivre's theorem, Roots of Complex Numbers. Functions of Complex Variables. Analyticity and Cauchy-Riemann Conditions. Examples of analytic functions. Singular functions: poles and branch points, order of singularity, branch cuts. Integration of a function of a complex variable. Cauchy's Inequality. Cauchy's Integral formula. Simply and multiply connected region. Laurent and Taylor's expansion. Residues and Residue Theorem. Application in solving Definite Integrals.

(30 Lectures)

Integrals Transforms:

Fourier Transforms: Fourier Integral theorem. Fourier Transform. Examples. Fourier transform of trigonometric, Gaussian, finite wave train & other functions. Representation of Dirac delta function as a Fourier Integral. Fourier transform of derivatives, Inverse Fourier transform, Convolution theorem. Properties of Fourier transforms (translation, change of scale, complex conjugation, etc.). Three dimensional Fourier transforms with examples. Application of Fourier Transforms to differential equations: One dimensional Wave and Diffusion/Heat Flow Equations.

(15 Lectures)

Laplace Transforms:

Laplace Transform (LT) of Elementary functions. Properties of LTs: Change of Scale Theorem, Shifting Theorem. LTs of 1st and 2nd order Derivatives and Integrals of Functions, Derivatives and Integrals of LTs. LT of Unit Step function, Dirac Delta function, Periodic Functions. Convolution Theorem. Inverse LT. Application of Laplace Transforms to 2nd order Differential Equations: Damped Harmonic Oscillator, Simple Electrical Circuits, Coupled differential equations of 1st order. Solution of heat flow along infinite bar using

Laplace transform.

Reference Books:

- Complex Variables, A.S.Fokas & M.J.Ablowitz, 8th Ed., 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press
- Complex Variables, A.K. Kapoor, 2014, Cambridge Univ. Press
- Complex Variables and Applications, J.W. Brown & R.V. Churchill, 7th Ed. 2003, Tata McGraw-Hill
- First course in complex analysis with applications, D.G. Zill and P.D. Shanahan, 1940, Jones & Bartlett
- Mathematical Methods for Physicists: Arfken, Weber, 2005, Harris, Elsevier.
- Mathematics for Physicists, Susan M. Lea, 2004, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- Engineering Mathematics, S.Pal and S.C. Bhunia, 2015, Oxford University Press
- Mathematical methods for Scientists & Engineers, D.A. McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Books
 - Mathematical Tools for Physics, James Nearing, 2010, Dover Publications.
 - Advanced Engineering Mathematics, D.G. Zill and W.S. Wright, 5 Ed., 2012, Jones and Bartlett Learning
 - Mathematical Physics, Goswami, 1st edition, Cengage Learning
 - Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, 2008, Wiley India.
 - Essential Mathematical Methods, K.F.Riley & M.P.Hobson, 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press

(15 Lectures)

BPY 402 : ELEMENTS OF MODERN PHYSICS

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Quantum theory:

Planck's quantum, Planck's constant and light as a collection of photons; Blackbody radiation. Quantum theory of Light; Photo-electric effect and Compton scattering. De Broglie wavelength and matter waves; Davisson-Germer experiment. Wave description of particles by wave packets. Group and Phase velocities and relation between them. Two-Slit experiment with electrons. Probability. Wave amplitude and wave functions.

(14 Lectures)

Position measurement: gamma ray microscope thought experiment; Wave-particle duality, Heisenberg uncertainty principle (Uncertainty relations involving Canonical pair of variables): Derivation from Wave Packets impossibility of a particle following a trajectory; Estimating minimum energy of a confined particle using

uncertainty principle; Energy-time uncertainty principle- application to virtual particles and range of an interaction. **(5 Lectures)**

Two slit interference experiment with photons, atoms and particles; linear superposition principle as a consequence; Matter waves and wave amplitude; Schrodinger equation for non-relativistic particles; Momentum and Energy operators; stationary states; physical interpretation of a wave function, probabilities and normalization; Probability and probability current densities in one dimension. **(10 Lectures)**

One dimensional infinitely rigid box- energy eigenvalues and eigenfunctions, normalization; Quantum dot as example; Quantum mechanical scattering and tunnelling in one dimension-across a step potential & rectangular potential barrier. **(10 Lectures)**

Nuclear structure

Size and structure of atomic nucleus and its relation with atomic weight; Impossibility of an electron being in the nucleus as a consequence of the uncertainty principle. Nature of nuclear force, NZ graph, Liquid Drop model: semi-empirical mass formula and binding energy, Nuclear Shell Model and magic numbers. **(6 Lectures)**

Radioactivity

Radioactivity: stability of the nucleus; Law of radioactive decay; Mean life and half-life; Alpha decay; Beta decay- energy released, spectrum and Pauli's prediction of neutrino; Gamma ray emission, energy-momentum conservation: electron-positron pair creation by gamma photons in the vicinity of a nucleus. **(8 Lectures)**

Nuclear fusion and fission

Fission and fusion- mass deficit, relativity and generation of energy; Fission - nature of fragments and emission of neutrons. Nuclear reactor: slow neutrons interacting with Uranium 235; Fusion and thermonuclear reactions driving stellar energy (brief qualitative discussions). **(3 Lectures)**

Lasers

Einstein's A and B coefficients. Metastable states. Spontaneous and Stimulated emissions. Optical Pumping and Population Inversion. Three-Level and Four-Level Lasers. Ruby Laser and He-Ne Laser. Basic lasing. **(4 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, 2002, McGraw-Hill.
- Introduction to Modern Physics, Rich Meyer, Kennard, Coop, 2002, Tata McGraw Hill
- Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffith, 2005, Pearson Education.

- Physics for scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics, Jewett and Serway, 2010, Cengage Learning.
 - Modern Physics, G.Kaur and G.R. Pickrell, 2014, McGraw Hill
 - Quantum Mechanics: Theory & Applications, A.K.Ghatak & S.Lokanathan, 2004, Macmillan
 - Modern Physics, J.R. Taylor, C.D. Zafiratos, M.A. Dubson, 2004, PHI Learning.
 - Theory and Problems of Modern Physics, Schaum`s outline, R. Gautreau and W. Savin, 2nd Edn, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
 - Quantum Physics, Berkeley Physics, Vol.4. E.H.Wichman, 1971, Tata McGraw-Hill Co.
 - Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics, K.Heyde, 3rd Edn., Institute of Physics Pub.
 - Six Ideas that Shaped Physics: Particle Behave like Waves, T.A.Moore, 2003, McGraw Hill
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BPY 403 ANALOG SYSTEMS AND APPLICATIONS

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60

Lectures

Semiconductor Diodes: P and N type semiconductors. Energy Level Diagram. Conductivity and Mobility, Concept of Drift velocity. PN Junction Fabrication (Simple Idea). Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Static and Dynamic Resistance. Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. Drift Velocity. Derivation for Barrier Potential, Barrier Width and Current for Step Junction. Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode.

(10 Lectures)

Two-terminal Devices and their Applications: (1) Rectifier Diode: Half-wave Rectifiers. Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave Rectifiers, Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, C-filter (2) Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation. Principle and structure of (1) LEDs, (2) Photodiode and (3) Solar Cell.

(6 Lectures)

Bipolar Junction transistors: n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations. Current gains α and β Relations between α and β . Load Line analysis of Transistors. DC Load line and Q-point. Physical Mechanism of Current Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation Regions.

(6 Lectures)

Amplifiers: Transistor Biasing and Stabilization Circuits. Fixed Bias and Voltage Divider Bias. Transistor as 2-port Network. h-parameter Equivalent Circuit. Analysis of a single-stage CE amplifier using Hybrid Model. Input and Output Impedance. Current, Voltage and Power Gains. Classification of Class A, B & C Amplifiers.

(10 Lectures)

Coupled Amplifier: Two stage RC-coupled amplifier and its frequency response.

(4 Lectures)

Feedback in Amplifiers: Effects of Positive and Negative Feedback on Input Impedance, Output Impedance, Gain, Stability, Distortion and Noise.

(4 Lectures)

Sinusoidal Oscillators: Barkhausen's Criterion for self-sustained oscillations. RC Phase shift oscillator, determination of Frequency. Hartley & Colpitts oscillators.

(4 Lectures)

Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach): Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp. (IC 741) Open-loop and Closed-loop Gain. Frequency Response. CMRR. Slew Rate and concept of Virtual ground.

(4 Lectures)

Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and non-inverting amplifiers, (2) Adder, (3) Subtractor, (4) Differentiator, (5) Integrator, (6) Log amplifier, (7) Zero crossing detector (8) Weinbridge oscillator.

(9 Lectures)

Conversion: Resistive network (Weighted and R-2R Ladder). Accuracy and Resolution. A/D Conversion(successive approximation)

(3 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, 1991, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
 - Electronics: Fundamentals and Applications, J.D. Ryder, 2004, Prentice Hall.
 - Solid State Electronic Devices, B.G.Streetman & S.K.Banerjee, 6th Edn.,2009, PHI Learning
 - Electronic Devices & circuits, S.Salivahanan & N.S.Kumar, 3rd Ed., 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
 - OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, 2000, Prentice Hall
 - Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
 - Electronic circuits: Handbook of design & applications, U.Tietze, C.Schenk,2008, Springer
 - Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, S.M. Sze, 2nd Ed., 2002, Wiley India
 - Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning
 - Electronic Devices, 7/e Thomas L. Floyd, 2008, Pearson India
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BPY 491 PHYSICS LAB IV

Part A

60 Classes

1. Basics of a programming language / computational software
2. Curve fitting, Least square fit, Goodness of fit, standard deviation
3. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations.
4. Numerical solution of partial differential equations

Part B

60 Classes

1. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation and photo-detector
2. Photo-electric effect: photo current versus intensity and wavelength of light; maximum energy of photo-electrons versus frequency of light
3. To determine work function of material of filament of directly heated vacuum diode.
4. To determine the Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colours.
5. To determine the wavelength of H-alpha emission line of Hydrogen atom.
6. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.
7. To determine the absorption lines in the rotational spectrum of Iodine vapour.
8. To determine the value of e/m by (a) Magnetic focusing or (b) Bar magnet.
9. To setup the Millikan oil drop apparatus and determine the charge of an electron.
10. To show the tunneling effect in tunnel diode using I-V characteristics.
11. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of single slit.
12. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of double slits.
13. To determine (1) wavelength and (2) angular spread of He-Ne laser using plane diffraction grating

Part C

60 Classes

1. To study V-I characteristics of PN junction diode, and Light emitting diode.
2. To study the V-I characteristics of a Zener diode and its use as voltage regulator.
3. Study of V-I & power curves of solar cells, and find maximum power point & efficiency.
4. To study the characteristics of a Bipolar Junction Transistor in CE configuration.
5. To study the various biasing configurations of BJT for normal class A operation.
6. To design a CE transistor amplifier of a given gain (mid-gain) using voltage divider bias.
7. To study the frequency response of voltage gain of a RC-coupled transistor amplifier.
8. To design a Wien bridge oscillator for given frequency using an op-amp.

9. To design a phase shift oscillator of given specifications using BJT.
10. To study the Colpitt's oscillator.
11. To design a digital to analog converter (DAC) of given specifications.
12. To study the analog to digital converter (ADC) IC.
13. To design an inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) for dc voltage of given gain
14. To design inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) and study its frequency response
15. To design non-inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) & study its frequency response
16. To study the zero-crossing detector and comparator
17. To add two dc voltages using Op-amp in inverting and non-inverting mode
18. To design a precision Differential amplifier of given I/O specification using Op-amp.
19. To investigate the use of an op-amp as an Integrator.
20. To investigate the use of an op-amp as a Differentiator.
21. To design a circuit to simulate the solution of a 1st/2nd order differential equation.

Reference Books:

- Programming with C , Gottfried- Schaum series.
- Numerical Methods in Fortran . J.M. McCulloch and M.G. Salvadori
- A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher & C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning.
- Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3rd Edn . , 2007 , Wiley India Edition.
- An Introduction to computational Physics, T.Pang, 2nd Edn. , 2006,Cambridge Univ. Press
- Computational Physics, Darren Walker, 1st Edn., 2015, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd.
- Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers, K.F Riley, M.P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, 3rd ed., 2006, Cambridge University Press
- Mathematics for Physicists, P. Dennery and A. Krzywicki, 1967, Dover Publications
- Simulation of ODE/PDE Models with MATLAB®, OCTAVE and SCILAB: Scientific and Engineering Applications: A. Vande Wouwer, P. Saucez, C. V. Fernández. 2014 Springer ISBN: 978-3319067896
- A Guide to MATLAB, B.R. Hunt, R.L. Lipsman, J.M. Rosenberg, 2014, 3rd Edn., Cambridge University Press
- Scilab by example: M. Affouf, 2012. ISBN: 978-1479203444
- Scilab (A free software to Matlab): H.Ramchandran, A.S.Nair. 2011 S.Chand & Company
- Scilab Image Processing: Lambert M. Surhone. 2010 Betascript Publishing
- ocw.nthu.edu.tw/ocw/upload/12/244/12handout.pdf

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I. Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Edn, 2011, Kitab Mahal
- Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, 1994, Mc-Graw Hill.
- OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, 2000, Prentice Hall.
- Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, 2008, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- Electronic Devices & circuit Theory, R.L. Boylestad & L.D. Nashelsky, 2009, Pearson

Semester V

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BPY 501 : QUANTUM MECHANICS AND APPLICATIONS

(Credits : 04)

Theory : 60

Lectures

Time dependent Schrodinger equation

Time dependent Schrodinger equation and dynamical evolution of a quantum state; Properties of Wave Function. Interpretation of Wave Function Probability and probability current densities in three dimensions; Conditions for Physical Acceptability of Wave Functions. Normalization. Linearity and Superposition Principles. Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions. Position, momentum and Energy operators; commutator of position and momentum operators; Expectation values of position and momentum. Wave Function of a Free Particle. **(6 Lectures)**

Time independent Schrodinger equation

Hamiltonian, stationary states and energy eigenvalues; expansion of an arbitrary wavefunction as a linear combination of energy eigenfunctions; General solution of the time dependent Schrodinger equation in terms of linear combinations of stationary states; Application to spread of Gaussian wave-packet for a free particle in one dimension; wave packets, Fourier transforms and momentum space wavefunction; Position-momentum uncertainty principle. **(10 Lectures)**

General discussion of bound states in an arbitrary potential

Continuity of wave function, boundary condition and emergence of discrete energy levels; application to one-dimensional problem-square well potential; Quantum mechanics of simple harmonic oscillator-energy levels and energy eigenfunctions using Frobenius method; Hermite polynomials; ground state, zero

point energy & uncertainty principle.

(12 Lectures)

Quantum theory of hydrogen-like atoms

time independent Schrodinger equation in spherical polar coordinates; separation of variables for second order partial differential equation; angular momentum operator & quantum numbers; Radial wavefunctions from Frobenius method; shapes of the probability densities for ground & first excited states; Orbital angular momentum quantum numbers l and m ; s, p, d,.. shells.

(10 Lectures)

Atoms in Electric & Magnetic Fields

Electron angular momentum. Space quantization. Electron Spin and Spin Angular Momentum. Larmor's Theorem. Spin Magnetic Moment. Stern-Gerlach Experiment. Zeeman Effect: Electron Magnetic Moment and Magnetic Energy, Gyromagnetic Ratio and Bohr Magneton. Normal and Anomalous Zeeman Effect. Paschen Back and Stark Effect (Qualitative Discussion only).

(12 Lectures)

Many electron atoms

Pauli's Exclusion Principle. Symmetric & Antisymmetric Wave Functions. Periodic table. Fine structure. Spin orbit coupling. Spectral Notations for Atomic States. Total angular momentum. Vector Model. Spin-orbit coupling in atoms- L-S and J-J couplings. Hund's Rule. Term symbols. Spectra of Hydrogen and Alkali Atoms (Na etc.).

(10 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, P.M.Mathews and K.Venkatesan, 2nd Ed., 2010, McGraw Hill
- Quantum Mechanics, Robert Eisberg and Robert Resnick, 2nd Edn., 2002, Wiley.
- Quantum Mechanics, Leonard I. Schiff, 3rd Edn. 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Quantum Mechanics, G. Aruldas, 2nd Edn. 2002, PHI Learning of India.
- Quantum Mechanics, Bruce Cameron Reed, 2008, Jones and Bartlett Learning.
- Quantum Mechanics: Foundations & Applications, Arno Bohm, 3rd Edn., 1993, Springer
- Quantum Mechanics for Scientists & Engineers, D.A.B. Miller, 2008, Cambridge University Press
- Quantum Mechanics, Eugen Merzbacher, 2004, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, D.J. Griffith, 2nd Ed. 2005, Pearson Education
- Quantum Mechanics, Walter Greiner, 4th Edn., 2001, Springer

BPY 502 : SOLID STATE PHYSICS
(Credits : 04)
Lectures

Theory: 60

Crystal Structure

Solids: Amorphous and Crystalline Materials. Lattice Translation Vectors. Lattice with a Basis – Central and Non-Central Elements. Unit Cell. Miller Indices. Reciprocal Lattice. Types of Lattices. Brillouin Zones. Diffraction of X-rays by Crystals. Bragg's Law. Atomic and Geometrical Factor.

(12 Lectures)

Elementary Lattice Dynamics

Lattice Vibrations and Phonons: Linear Monoatomic and Diatomic Chains. Acoustical and Optical Phonons. Qualitative Description of the Phonon Spectrum in Solids. Dulong and Petit's Law, Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat of solids. T^3 law

(10 Lectures)

Magnetic Properties of Matter

Dia-, Para-, Ferri- and Ferromagnetic Materials. Classical Langevin Theory of dia- and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum Mechanical Treatment of Paramagnetism. Curie's law, Weiss's Theory of Ferromagnetism and Ferromagnetic Domains. Discussion of B-H Curve. Hysteresis and Energy Loss.

(8 Lectures)

Dielectric Properties of Materials

Polarization. Local Electric Field at an Atom. Depolarization Field. Electric Susceptibility. Polarizability. Clausius Mosotti Equation. Classical Theory of Electric Polarizability. Normal and Anomalous Dispersion. Cauchy and Sellmeier relations. Langevin-Debye equation. Complex Dielectric Constant. Optical Phenomena. Application: Plasma Oscillations, Plasma Frequency, Plasmons, TO modes.

(8 Lectures)

Ferroelectric Properties of Materials

Structural phase transition, Classification of crystals, Piezoelectric effect, Pyroelectric effect, Ferroelectric effect, Electrostrictive effect, Curie-Weiss Law, Ferroelectric domains, PE hysteresis loop.

(6 lectures)

Elementary band theory

Kronig Penny model. Band Gap. Conductor, Semiconductor (P and N type) and insulator. Conductivity of Semiconductor, mobility, Hall Effect. Measurement of conductivity (04 probe method) & Hall coefficient.

(10 Lectures)

Superconductivity

Experimental Results. Critical Temperature. Critical magnetic field. Meissner effect. Type I and type II Superconductors, London's Equation and Penetration Depth. Isotope effect. Idea of BCS theory (No derivation)

(6 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, 8th Edition, 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
 - Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 4th Edition, 2015, Prentice-Hall of India
 - Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
 - Solid State Physics, N.W. Ashcroft and N.D. Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
 - Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H. Luth, 2009, Springer
 - Solid State Physics, Rita John, 2014, McGraw Hill
 - Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson India
 - Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publications
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BPY 591 PHYSICS LAB V

Part A

20 Classes

1. Study of Electron spin resonance- determine magnetic field as a function of the resonance frequency
2. Study of Zeeman effect: with external magnetic field; Hyperfine splitting
3. To show the tunneling effect in tunnel diode using I-V characteristics.

Part B

40 Classes

1. Measurement of susceptibility of paramagnetic solution (Quinck's Tube Method)
2. To measure the Magnetic susceptibility of Solids.
3. To determine the Coupling Coefficient of a Piezoelectric crystal.
4. To measure the variation of Dielectric Constant of dielectric Materials with frequency
5. To determine the complex dielectric constant and plasma frequency of metal using Surface Plasmon resonance (SPR)
6. To determine the refractive index of a dielectric layer using SPR.
7. To study the PE Hysteresis loop of a Ferroelectric Crystal.
8. To draw the BH curve of Fe using Solenoid & determine energy loss from Hysteresis.
9. To measure the resistivity of a semiconductor (Ge) with temperature by four-probe method (room temperature to 150 °C) and to determine its band gap.
10. To determine the Hall coefficient of a semiconductor sample.

Reference Books:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
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Semester VI

BPY 601: ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Maxwell Equations

Review of Maxwell's equations. Displacement Current. Vector and Scalar Potentials. Gauge Transformations: Lorentz and Coulomb Gauge. Boundary Conditions at Interface between Different Media. Wave Equations. Plane Waves in Dielectric Media. Poynting Theorem and Poynting Vector. Electromagnetic (EM) Energy Density. Physical Concept of Electromagnetic Field Energy Density, Momentum Density and Angular Momentum Density.
(12 Lectures)

EM Wave Propagation in Unbounded Media

Plane EM waves through vacuum and isotropic dielectric medium, transverse nature of plane EM waves, refractive index and dielectric constant, wave impedance. Propagation through conducting media, relaxation time, skin depth. Wave propagation through dilute plasma, electrical conductivity of ionized gases, plasma frequency, refractive index, skin depth, application to propagation through ionosphere.
(10 Lectures)

EM Wave in Bounded Media

Boundary conditions at a plane interface between two media. Reflection & Refraction of plane waves at plane interface between two dielectric media-Laws of Reflection & Refraction. Fresnel's Formulae for perpendicular & parallel polarization cases, Brewster's law. Reflection & Transmission coefficients. Total internal reflection, evanescent waves. Metallic reflection (normal Incidence)
(10 Lectures)

Polarization of Electromagnetic Waves

Description of Linear, Circular and Elliptical Polarization. Propagation of E.M. Waves in Anisotropic Media. Symmetric Nature of Dielectric Tensor. Fresnel's Formula. Uniaxial and Biaxial Crystals. Light Propagation in Uniaxial Crystal. Double Refraction. Polarization by Double Refraction. Nicol Prism. Ordinary & extraordinary refractive indices. Production & detection of Plane, Circularly and Elliptically Polarized Light. Phase Retardation Plates: Quarter-Wave and Half-Wave Plates. Babinet Compensator and its Uses. Analysis of Polarized Light
(12 Lectures)

Rotatory Polarization

Optical Rotation. Biot's Laws for Rotatory Polarization. Fresnel's Theory of optical rotation. Calculation of angle of rotation. Experimental verification of Fresnel's theory. Specific rotation. Laurent's half-shade polarimeter.
(5 Lectures)

Wave Guides

Planar optical wave guides. Planar dielectric wave guide. Condition of continuity at interface. Phase shift on total reflection. Eigenvalue equations. Phase and group velocity of guided waves. Field energy and Power transmission.

(8 Lectures)

Optical Fibres

Numerical Aperture. Step and Graded Indices (Definitions Only). Single and Multiple Mode Fibres (Concept and Definition Only).

(3 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Introduction to Electrodynamics, D.J. Griffiths, 3rd Ed., 1998, Benjamin Cummings.
- Elements of Electromagnetics, M.N.O. Sadiku, 2001, Oxford University Press.
- Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory, T.L. Chow, 2006, Jones & Bartlett Learning
- Fundamentals of Electromagnetics, M.A.W. Miah, 1982, Tata McGraw Hill
- Electromagnetic field Theory, R.S. Kshetrimayun, 2012, Cengage Learning
- Engineering Electromagnetic, Willian H. Hayt, 8th Edition, 2012, McGraw Hill.
- Electromagnetic Field Theory for Engineers & Physicists, G. Lehner, 2010, Springer
- Electromagnetic Fields & Waves, P.Lorrain & D.Corson, 1970, W.H.Freeman & Co.
- Electromagnetics, J.A. Edminster, Schaum Series, 2006, Tata McGraw Hill.

BPY 602: STATISTICAL MECHANICS

(Credits : 04)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Classical Statistics

Macrostate & Microstate, Elementary Concept of Ensemble, Phase Space, Entropy and Thermodynamic Probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann Distribution Law, Partition Function, Thermodynamic Functions of an Ideal Gas, Classical Entropy Expression, Gibbs Paradox, Sackur Tetrode equation, Law of Equipartition of Energy (with proof) – Applications to Specific Heat and its Limitations, Thermodynamic Functions of a Two-Energy Levels System, Negative Temperature.

(18 Lectures)

Classical Theory of Radiation

Properties of Thermal Radiation. Blackbody Radiation. Pure temperature dependence. Kirchhoff's law. Stefan-Boltzmann law: Thermodynamic proof. Radiation Pressure. Wien's Displacement law. Wien's Distribution Law. Saha's Ionization Formula. Rayleigh-Jean's Law. Ultraviolet Catastrophe.

(9 Lectures)

Quantum Theory of Radiation

Spectral Distribution of Black Body Radiation. Planck's Quantum Postulates. Planck's Law of Blackbody Radiation: Experimental Verification. Deduction of (1) Wien's Distribution Law, (2) Rayleigh-Jeans Law, (3) Stefan-Boltzmann Law, (4) Wien's Displacement law from Planck's law. **(5 Lectures)**

Bose-Einstein Statistics

B-E distribution law, Thermodynamic functions of a strongly Degenerate Bose Gas, Bose Einstein condensation, properties of liquid He (qualitative description), Radiation as a photon gas and Thermodynamic functions of photon gas. Bose derivation of Planck's law.

(13 Lectures)

Fermi-Dirac Statistics

Fermi-Dirac Distribution Law, Thermodynamic functions of a Completely and strongly Degenerate Fermi Gas, Fermi Energy, Electron gas in a Metal, Specific Heat of Metals, Relativistic Fermi gas, White Dwarf Stars, Chandrasekhar Mass Limit. **(15 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- Statistical Mechanics, R.K. Pathria, Butterworth Heinemann: 2nd Ed., 1996, Oxford University Press.
- Statistical Physics, Berkeley Physics Course, F. Reif, 2008, Tata McGraw-Hill
- Statistical and Thermal Physics, S. Lokanathan and R.S. Gambhir. 1991, Prentice Hall
- Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory and Statistical Thermodynamics, Francis W. Sears and Gerhard L. Salinger, 1986, Narosa.
- Modern Thermodynamics with Statistical Mechanics, Carl S. Helrich, 2009, Springer
- An Introduction to Statistical Mechanics & Thermodynamics, R.H. Swendsen, 2012, Oxford Univ. Press

BPY 691 Physics Lab VI

PART A

60 Classes

1. To verify the law of Malus for plane polarized light.
2. To determine the specific rotation of sugar solution using Polarimeter.
3. To analyze elliptically polarized Light by using a Babinet's compensator.
4. To study dependence of radiation on angle for a simple Dipole antenna.
5. To determine the wavelength and velocity of ultrasonic waves in a liquid (Kerosene Oil, Xylene, etc.) by studying the diffraction through ultrasonic

grating.

6. To study the reflection, refraction of microwaves
7. To study Polarization and double slit interference in microwaves.
8. To determine the refractive index of liquid by total internal reflection using Wollaston's air-film.
9. To determine the refractive Index of (1) glass and (2) a liquid by total internal reflection using a Gaussian eyepiece.
10. To study the polarization of light by reflection and determine the polarizing angle for air-glass interface.
11. To verify the Stefan's law of radiation and to determine Stefan's constant.
12. To determine the Boltzmann constant using V-I characteristics of PN junction diode.

PART B

60 Classes

Numerical solution of the problems based on Statistical Mechanics like:

1. Computational analysis of the behavior of a collection of particles in a box that satisfy Newtonian mechanics and interact via the Lennard-Jones potential, varying the total number of particles N and the initial conditions:
 - a) Study of local number density in the equilibrium state (i) average; (ii) fluctuations
 - b) Study of transient behavior of the system (approach to equilibrium)
 - c) Relationship of large N and the arrow of time
 - d) Computation of the velocity distribution of particles for the system and comparison with the Maxwell velocity distribution
 - e) Computation and study of mean molecular speed and its dependence on particle mass
 - f) Computation of fraction of molecules in an ideal gas having speed near the most probable speed
2. Computation of the partition function for examples of systems with a finite number of single particle levels (e.g., 2 level, 3 level, etc.) and a finite number of non-interacting particles N under Maxwell-Boltzmann, Fermi-Dirac and Bose- Einstein statistics:
 - a) Study of how partition function, average energy, energy fluctuation, specific heat at constant volume C_v , depend upon the temperature, total number of particles N and the spectrum of single particle states.
 - b) Ratios of occupation numbers of various states for the systems considered above
 - c) Computation of physical quantities at large and small temperature T

and comparison of various statistics at large and small temperature T .

3. Plot Planck's law for Black Body radiation and compare it with Raleigh-Jeans Law at high temperature and low temperature.
4. Plot Specific Heat of Solids (a) Dulong-Petit law, (b) Einstein distribution function, (c) Debye distribution function for high temperature and low temperature and compare them for these two cases.
5. Plot the following functions with energy at different temperatures
 - a) Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution
 - b) Fermi-Dirac distribution
 - c) Bose-Einstein distribution

Reference Books:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
 - Electromagnetic Field Theory for Engineers & Physicists, G. Lehner, 2010, Springer
 - Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3rd Edn . 2007 , Wiley India Edition
 - Statistical Mechanics, R.K. Pathria, Butterworth Heinemann: 2nd Ed., 1996, Oxford University Press.
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DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES
(4 papers to be selected by the students from BPY 001 to BPY 009)

BPY 001: CLASSICAL DYNAMICS

(Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01)

Theory: 75 Lectures

Classical Mechanics of Point Particles

Review of Newtonian Mechanics; Application to the motion of a charge particle in external electric and magnetic fields- motion in uniform electric field, magnetic field- gyroradius and gyrofrequency, motion in crossed electric and magnetic fields. Generalized coordinates and velocities, Hamilton's principle, Lagrangian and the Euler-Lagrange equations, one-dimensional examples of the Euler-Lagrange equations- one-dimensional Simple Harmonic Oscillations and falling body in uniform gravity; applications to simple systems such as coupled oscillators Canonical momenta & Hamiltonian. Hamilton's equations of motion. Applications: Hamiltonian for a harmonic oscillator, solution of Hamilton's equation for Simple Harmonic Oscillations. **(30 Lectures)**

Central force field

Central force motion, General equation of an orbit, Keplers law's of planetary motion, Rutherford scattering **(10 Lectures)**

Small Amplitude Oscillation

Minima of potential energy and points of stable equilibrium, expansion of the potential energy around a minimum, small amplitude oscillations about the minimum, normal modes of oscillations example of N identical masses connected in a linear fashion to (N -1) - identical springs. **(15 Lectures)**

Fluid Dynamics

Density and pressure P in a fluid, an element of fluid and its velocity, continuity equation and mass conservation, stream-lined motion, laminar flow, Poiseuille's equation for flow of a liquid through a pipe, Navier-Stokes equation, qualitative description of turbulence, Reynolds number. **(20 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- Classical Mechanics, H.Goldstein, C.P. Poole, J.L. Safko, 3rd Edn. 2002, Pearson
- Education. Mechanics, L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, 1976, Pergamon.

- The Classical Theory of Fields, L.D Landau, E.M Lifshitz, 4th Edn., 2003, Elsevier. Introduction to Electrodynamics, D.J. Griffiths, 2012, Pearson Education.
- Classical Mechanics, P.S. Joag, N.C. Rana, 1st Edn., McGraw Hall.

- Classical Mechanics, R. Douglas Gregory, 2015, Cambridge University Press. Classical Mechanics: An introduction, Dieter Strauch, 2009, Springer.
- Solved Problems in classical Mechanics, O.L. Delange and J. Pierrus, 2010, Oxford Press

BPY002 : NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

(Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01)

Theory: 75 Lectures

General Properties of Nuclei

Constituents of nucleus and their Intrinsic properties, quantitative facts about mass, radii, charge density (matter density), binding energy, average binding energy and its variation with mass number, main features of binding energy versus mass number curve, N/A plot, angular momentum, parity, magnetic moment, electric moments, nuclear excited states.

(10 Lectures)

Nuclear Models

Liquid drop model approach, semi empirical mass formula and significance of its various terms, condition of nuclear stability, two nucleon separation energies, Fermi gas model (degenerate fermion gas, nuclear symmetry potential in Fermi gas), evidence for nuclear shell structure, nuclear magic numbers, basic assumption of shell model, concept of mean field, residual interaction, concept of nuclear force.

(12 Lectures)

Radioactivity decay

(a) Alpha decay: basics of α -decay processes, theory of α - emission, Gamow factor, Geiger Nuttall law, α -decay spectroscopy. (b) beta-decay: energy kinematics for beta-decay, positron emission, electron capture, neutrino hypothesis. (c) Gamma decay: Gamma rays emission & kinematics, internal conversion.

(10 Lectures)

Nuclear Reactions

Types of Reactions, Conservation Laws, kinematics of reactions, Q- value, reaction rate, reaction cross section, Concept of compound and direct Reaction, resonance reaction, Coulomb scattering (Rutherford scattering).

(8 Lectures)

Interaction of Nuclear Radiation with matter

Energy loss due to ionization (Bethe- Block formula), energy loss of electrons, Cerenkov radiation. Gamma ray interaction through matter, photoelectric effect,

Compton scattering, pair production, neutron interaction with matter.

(8 Lectures)

Detector for Nuclear Radiations

Gas detectors: estimation of electric field, mobility of particle, for ionization chamber and GM Counter. Basic principle of Scintillation Detectors and construction of photo-multiplier tube (PMT). Semiconductor Detectors (Si and Ge) for charge particle and photon detection (concept of charge carrier and

mobility), neutron detector.

(8 Lectures)

Particle Accelerators

Accelerator facility available in India: Van-de Graaff generator (Tandem accelerator), Linear accelerator, Cyclotron, Synchrotrons.

(5 Lectures)

Particle physics

Particle interactions; basic features, types of particles and its families. Symmetries and Conservation Laws: energy and momentum, angular momentum, parity, baryon number, Lepton number, Isospin, Strangeness and charm, concept of quark model, color quantum number and gluons.

(14 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Introductory nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane (Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2008).
 - Concepts of nuclear physics by Bernard L. Cohen. (Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1998).
 - Introduction to the physics of nuclei & particles, R.A. Dunlap. (Thomson Asia, 2004).
 - Introduction to High Energy Physics, D.H. Perkins, Cambridge Univ. Press
 - Introduction to Elementary Particles, D. Griffith, John Wiley & Sons
 - Quarks and Leptons, F. Halzen and A.D. Martin, Wiley India, New Delhi
 - Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics - An Introductory Approach by K. Heyde (IOP- Institute of Physics Publishing, 2004).
 - Radiation detection and measurement, G.F. Knoll (John Wiley & Sons, 2000).
 - Physics and Engineering of Radiation Detection, Syed Naem Ahmed (Academic Press, Elsevier, 2007).
 - Theoretical Nuclear Physics, J.M. Blatt & V.F. Weisskopf (Dover Pub.Inc., 1991)
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BPY 003: NANO MATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS

(Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01)

Theory:75 Lectures

Nanoscale systems

Length scales in physics, Nanostructures: 1D, 2D and 3D nanostructures (nanodots, thin films, nanowires, nanorods), Band structure and density of states of materials at nanoscale, Size Effects in nano systems, Quantum confinement: Applications of Schrodinger equation- Infinite potential well, potential step, potential box, quantum confinement of carriers in 3D, 2D, 1D nanostructures and its consequences.

(15 Lectures)

Synthesis of nanostructure materials

Top down and Bottom up approach, Photolithography. Ball milling. Gas phase condensation. Vacuum deposition. Physical vapor deposition (PVD): Thermal evaporation, E-beam evaporation, Pulsed Laser deposition. Chemical vapor deposition (CVD). Sol-Gel. Electro deposition. Spray pyrolysis. Hydrothermal

synthesis. Preparation through colloidal methods. MBE growth of quantum dots. **(10 Lectures)**

Characterization

X-Ray Diffraction. Optical Microscopy. Scanning Electron Microscopy. Transmission Electron Microscopy. Atomic Force Microscopy. Scanning Tunneling Microscopy. **(10 Lectures)**

Optical properties

Coulomb interaction in nanostructures. Concept of dielectric constant for nanostructures and charging of nanostructure. Quasi-particles and excitons. Excitons in direct and indirect band gap semiconductor nanocrystals. Quantitative treatment of quasi-particles and excitons, charging effects. Radiative processes: General formalization-absorption, emission and luminescence. Optical properties of heterostructures and nanostructures.

(20 Lectures)

Electron transport

Carrier transport in nanostructures. Coulomb blockade effect, thermionic emission, tunneling and hopping conductivity. Defects and impurities: Deep level and surface defects.

(10 Lectures)

Applications

Applications of nanoparticles, quantum dots, nanowires and thin films for photonic devices (LED, solar cells). Single electron transfer devices (no derivation). CNT based transistors. Nanomaterial Devices: Quantum dots heterostructure lasers, optical switching and optical data storage. Magnetic quantum well; magnetic dots
magnetic data storage. Micro Electromechanical Systems (MEMS)

(10 Lectures)

Reference books:

- C.P. Poole, Jr. Frank J. Owens, Introduction to Nanotechnology (Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.).
 - S.K. Kulkarni, Nanotechnology: Principles & Practices (Capital Publishing Company)
 - K.K. Chattopadhyay and A. N. Banerjee, Introduction to Nanoscience and Technology (PHI Learning Private Limited).
 - Richard Booker, Earl Boysen, Nanotechnology (John Wiley and Sons).
 - M. Hosokawa, K. Nogi, M. Naita, T. Yokoyama, Nanoparticle Technology Handbook (Elsevier, 2007).
 - Introduction to Nanoelectronics, V.V. Mitin, V.A. Kochelap and M.A. Stroscio, 2011, Cambridge University Press.
 - Bharat Bhushan, Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology (Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 2004).
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(Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01)

Theory: 75 Lectures

Basic Astronomical parameters

Introduction: Astrophysics, Mass, length and time scales in astronomy, Celestial and Galactic coordinate systems, Conversion of Coordinates., Stars: Magnitude and color index, Distance Modulus, Effective temperature, Distance measurement, Radii, Masses, velocity, Stellar Spectral Classification. Stellar Astronomy in different bands of electromagnetic radiation. Theory of radiative transfer, Optical depth, Saha ionization equation, Concept of local thermodynamic equilibrium, Radiative transfer through stellar atmospheres and stellar interior, Limb Darkening, Rosseland mean, Opacity, Formation of spectral lines, Photon diffusion inside sun. **(15 Lectures)**

Stellar evolution

Basic equations of stellar structure, Hydrostatic equilibrium, Virial Theorem, Dynamical-thermal-nuclear time scales, Schwarzschild stability condition, Standard stellar model, Scaling relations, Eddington Luminosity limit. Pre main sequence evolution, Jeans criteria for star formation. Main sequence evolution, post main sequence evolution, Polytopic model: Lane-Emden equation, Eddington and Homologous model, HR diagram, Nebulae, Protostars, Brown dwarfs, Red Giants/ Super Giants, White dwarfs; Chandrasekhar limit, mass radius relation. Planetary nebulae, Neutron stars: Tolman-Oppenheimer-Volkoff equation, Mass-radius relation. Pulsars, Magnetars, , Gamma Ray Bursts. **(15 Lectures)**

Nucleosynthesis

Stellar Nucleosynthesis: Nuclear reaction rates, pp chain and CNO cycle, Advanced nuclear burning, Solar neutrino experiments, Stages of stellar evolution, Stellar winds, supernovae, neutron capture: r- and s- processes. **(10 Lectures)**

Black holes and accretion

Black holes, Collapse to a black hole (Oppenheimer and Snyder), event horizon, singularity. Accretion disks: Formation of Accretion Disks, Binary Accretion disks. Accretion onto compact objects. Quasars. **(10 Lectures)**

The Milky way

The Milky way: Basic Structure and Properties of the Milky Way, Nature of Rotation of the Milky Way (Differential Rotation of the Galaxy and Oort Constant, Rotation Curve of the Galaxy and the Dark Matter, Nature of the Spiral Arms), Stars and Star Clusters of the Milky Way, Properties of and around the Galactic Nucleus.

(15 Lectures)

Galaxies

Galaxies: Galaxy Morphology, Hubble's Classification of Galaxies, Elliptical Galaxies (The Intrinsic Shapes of Elliptical, de Vaucouleurs Law, Stars and Gas). Spiral and Lenticular Galaxies (Bulges, Disks, Galactic Halo) The Milky Way Galaxy, Gas and Dust in the Galaxy, Spiral Arms. **(10 Lectures)**

Reference books:

- Textbook of astronomy and astrophysics with elements of cosmology, V.B.Bhatia,

Narosa publishing house, 2001.

- Astrophysics – Stars and Galaxies, K. D. Abhyankar, University Press, 2001.
 - An introduction to astronomy and astrophysics - Pankaj Jain
 - An Introduction to Modern Astrophysics - Carroll and Ostlie Astrophysical concepts – Harwitt
 - An introduction to stellar astrophysics - Francis LeBlanc
 - Introductory Astronomy and Astrophysics, M. Zeilik and S.A. Gregory, 4th Edition, Saunders College Publishing.
 - The physical universe: An introduction to astronomy, F.Shu, Mill Valley: University Science Books.
 - Fundamental of Astronomy (Fourth Edition), H. Karttunen et al. Springer
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BPY 005: LASER AND FIBER OPTICS

(Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01)

Theory: 75 Lectures

Introduction

Physics of interaction between Radiation and Atomic systems including: stimulated emission, emission line shapes and dispersion effects. Gain saturation in laser media and theory of FabryPerot laser. **(15 Lectures)**

Techniques

Control of laser output employing Q switching, mode-locking and mode-dumping. Optical cavity design and laser stability criteria. Description of common types of conventional lasers. **(15 Lectures)**

Physics of semiconducting

Optical materials, degenerate semiconductors and their Homo junctions and Hetro junctions. Light emitting diodes (LED's), Fiber numerical aperture **(15 Lectures)**

Sources of signal

Attenuation and dispersion, Step and graded index multimode fibers, including plastic fibers LP modes in optical fibers: Single-mode fibers, mode cutoff and mode field diameter, Pulse dispersion in single-mode fibers: dispersion-tailored and dispersion-compensating fibers. **(15 Lectures)**

Birefringent fibers

Polarization mode dispersion. Fiber bandwidth and dispersion management, Erbiumdoped fiber amplifiers and lasers; Isolators, Fiber fabrication techniques. Fiber characterization techniques including OTDR, Connectors, splices and fiber cable. **(15 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

1. A Text book on Light, Ghosh and Mazumdar, Sreedhar Publishers
2. Fundamentals of Optics - F. A. Jenkins and H. E. White (Mc Graw Hill,

- Kogakusha).
3. Optics – A. K. Ghatak (Tata Mc Graw Hill).
 4. Optics – Hecht and Zajac (Addison-Wesley)
 5. Optics – B. K. Mathur.
 6. Geometrical and Physical Optics - B. S. Longhurst (Orient Longmans).
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BPY006 : PLASMA PHYSICS & APPLICATIONS

(Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01)

Theory: 75 Lectures

Basic properties of plasma

Definition, occurrence & importance of plasmas, Debye shielding - Quasi-neutrality, plasma parameter, plasma frequency, Larmor orbits (basics) - Non-ideal plasmas
(14 Lectures)

Thermonuclear fusion

Nuclear reactions & cross sections, ignition & break-even - Overviews; magnetic confinement fusion (MCF) & tokamaks, inertial confinement fusion (ICF)
(10 Lectures)

Single particle motion

Guiding centre drifts; $E \times B$, curvature, gradient - Magnetic moment (μ), conservation of μ , magnetic mirrors
(15 Lectures)

Collisions - Coulomb collisions

Mean-free-path and collision time (single & cumulative collisions) - Resistivity, particle diffusion, bremsstrahlung
(5 Lectures)

Magnetohydrodynamics (MHD)

MHD equations; mass continuity, momentum, energy, Ohm's law - The convective derivative, MHD validity & assumptions - B-field dynamics; flux freezing, resistive diffusion, magnetic Reynolds number - Magnetic pressure & tension
(15 Lectures)

Waves

Electromagnetic, Langmuir, MHD (Alfvén, magnetosonic)
(5 Lectures)

Magnetic confinement

MHD equilibria; flux surfaces, Z-pinches - MHD instabilities & the safety factor, Energy confinement in tokamaks - Tokamak requirements – summary
(5 Lectures)

Kinetic theory

Vlasov & Boltzmann equations, obtaining fluid/MHD equations from Boltzmann - Langmuir waves, resonant particles & trapping, Landau damping - Laser-Plasma particle accelerators.
(6 Lectures)

Reference Books

- Plasma Physics , F. F. Chen, 2nd Ed. (Springer, 1984)
 - The Physics of Plasmas”, Boyd & Sanderson, (Cambridge University Press, 2003)
 - Plasma Physics: An Introductory Course, R.O. Dendy (Ed.), (Cambridge University Press, 1993)
 - Introduction to Plasma Physics”, Goldston & Rutherford (IoP Press, 1995)
 - Fundamentals of Plasma Physics, B. Ghosh, Narosa Publishing House
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BPY 007: PHYSICS OF EARTH

(Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01)

Theory: 75 Lectures

The Earth and the Universe:

- (a) Origin of universe, creation of elements and earth. A Holistic understanding of our dynamic planet through Astronomy, Geology, Meteorology and Oceanography. Introduction to various branches of Earth Sciences.
- (b) General characteristics and origin of the Universe. The Milky Way galaxy, solar system, Earth’s orbit and spin, the Moon’s orbit and spin. The terrestrial and Jovian planets. Meteorites & Asteroids. Earth in the Solar system, origin, size, shape, mass, density, rotational and revolution parameters and its age.
- (c) Energy and particle fluxes incident on the Earth.
- (d) The Cosmic Microwave Background. **(17 Lectures)**

Structure:

- (e) The Solid Earth: Mass, dimensions, shape and topography, internal structure, magnetic field, geothermal energy. How do we learn about Earth’s interior?
- (f) The Hydrosphere: The oceans, their extent, depth, volume, chemical composition. River systems.
- (g) The Atmosphere: variation of temperature, density and composition with altitude, clouds.
- (h) The Cryosphere: Polar caps and ice sheets. Mountain glaciers.
- (i) The Biosphere: Plants and animals. Chemical composition, mass. Marine and land organisms. **(18 Lectures)**

Dynamical Processes:

The Solid Earth: Origin of the magnetic field. Source of geothermal energy. Convection in Earth’s core and production of its magnetic field. Mechanical layering of the Earth. Introduction to geophysical methods of earth investigations. Concept of plate tectonics; sea-floor spreading and continental

drift. Geodynamic elements of Earth: Mid Oceanic Ridges, trenches, transform faults and island arcs. Origin of oceans, continents, mountains and rift valleys. Earthquake and earthquake belts. Volcanoes: types products and distribution.

- (j) The Hydrosphere: Ocean circulations. Oceanic current system and effect of coriolis forces. Concepts of eustasy, tend – air-sea interaction; wave erosion and beach processes. Tides. Tsunamis.
- (k) The Atmosphere: Atmospheric circulation. Weather and climatic changes. Earth's heat budget. Cyclones.

Climate:

- i. Earth's temperature and greenhouse effect.
- ii. Paleoclimate and recent climate changes.
- iii. The Indian monsoon system.

Biosphere: Water cycle, Carbon cycle, Nitrogen cycle, Phosphorous cycle. The role of cycles in maintaining a steady state. **(18 Lectures)**

Evolution:

Nature of stratigraphic records, Standard stratigraphic time scale and introduction to the concept of time in geological studies. Introduction to geochronological methods in their application in geological studies. History of development in concepts of uniformitarianism, catastrophism and neptunism. Law of superposition and faunal succession. Introduction to the geology and geomorphology of Indian subcontinent.

- 1. Time line of major geological and biological events.
- 2. Origin of life on Earth.
- 3. Role of the biosphere in shaping the environment.
- 4. Future of evolution of the Earth and solar system: Death of the Earth.

(18 Lectures)

Disturbing the Earth – Contemporary dilemmas

Human population growth.

- (a) Atmosphere: Green house gas emissions, climate change, air pollution.
- (b) Hydrosphere: Fresh water depletion.
- (c) Geosphere: Chemical effluents, nuclear waste.
- (d) Biosphere: Biodiversity loss. Deforestation. Robustness and fragility of ecosystems.

(4 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Planetary Surface Processes, H. Jay Melosh, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
 - Consider a Spherical Cow: A course in environmental problem solving, John Harte. University Science Books
 - Holme's Principles of Physical Geology. 1992. Chapman & Hall.

 - Emiliani, C, 1992. Planet Earth, Cosmology, Geology and the Evolution of Life and Environment. Cambridge University Press.
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BPY 008: ADVANCED EXPERIMENTS

(Credits: Theory-04, Tutorials-02)

Theory: 60 Class Hour

This course will introduce students to some landmark experiments in physics. Students will select any five experiments of their interest.

1. Mössbauer effect
2. Cosmic microwave background radiation
3. Quantum Hall effect - integral and fractional
4. Laser cooling of atoms
5. Bose-Einstein condensation
6. Atomic clocks
7. Interferometry for gravitational waves
8. Inelastic neutron scattering
9. Verification of predictions of general theory of relativity
10. Precision measurements of magnetic moment of electron

References

The original papers, Review articles and Nobel Lectures constitute the resource material for this course.

BPY 009: PROJECT/TERM PAPER

(Credits: Theory-04, Tutorials-02)

60 Class hour

Topic: Any advance topic in the domain of science.

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE **(2 papers to be selected by the students from SEC 001 to SEC 008)**

SEC 001: PHYSICS WORKSHOP SKILL

(Credits: 02)

Theory: 30 Lectures

Introduction: Measuring units. conversion to SI and CGS. Familiarization with meter scale, Vernier calliper, Screw gauge and their utility. Measure the dimension of a solid block, volume of cylindrical beaker/glass, diameter of a thin wire, thickness of metal sheet, etc. Use of Sextant to measure height of buildings, mountains, etc.

(4 Lectures)

Mechanical Skill: Concept of workshop practice. Overview of manufacturing methods: casting, foundry, machining, forming and welding. Types of welding joints and welding defects. Common materials used for manufacturing like steel, copper, iron, metal sheets, composites and alloy, wood. Concept of machine processing, introduction to common machine tools like lathe, shaper, drilling, milling and surface machines. Cutting tools, lubricating oils. Cutting of a metal sheet using blade. Smoothing of cutting edge of sheet using file. Drilling of holes of different diameter in metal sheet and wooden block. Use of bench vice and tools for fitting. Make funnel using metal sheet. **(10 Lectures)**

Electrical and Electronic Skill: Use of Multimeter. Soldering of electrical circuits having discrete components (R, L, C, diode) and ICs on PCB. Operation of oscilloscope. Making regulated power supply. Timer circuit, Electronic switch using transistor and relay. **(10 Lectures)**

Introduction to prime movers: Mechanism, gear system, wheel, Fixing of gears with motor axel. Lever mechanism, Lifting of heavy weight using lever. braking systems, pulleys, working principle of power generation systems. Demonstration of pulley experiment. **(6 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- A text book in Electrical Technology - B L Theraja – S. Chand and Company.
 - Performance and design of AC machines – M.G. Say, ELBS Edn.
 - Mechanical workshop practice, K.C. John, 2010, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
 - Workshop Processes, Practices and Materials, Bruce J Black 2005, 3rd Edn., Editor Newnes [ISBN:0750660732]
 - New Engineering Technology, Lawrence Smyth/Liam Hennessy, The Educational Company of Ireland [ISBN: 0861674480]
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SEC 002 COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS

(Credits: 02)

30 Lectures

Introduction: Importance of computers in Physics, paradigm for solving physics problems for solution. Usage of linux as an Editor.

Algorithms and Flowcharts: Algorithm: Definition, properties and development. Flowchart: Concept of flowchart, symbols, guidelines, types. Examples: Cartesian to Spherical Polar Coordinates, Roots

of Quadratic Equation, Sum of two matrices, Sum and Product of a finite series, calculation of $\sin(x)$ as a series, algorithm for plotting (1) lissajous figures and (2) trajectory of a projectile thrown at an angle with the horizontal.

(4 Lectures)

Scientific Programming: Some fundamental Linux Commands (Internal and External commands). Development of FORTRAN, Basic elements of

FORTRAN: Character Set, Constants and their types, Variables and their types, Keywords, Variable Declaration and concept of instruction and program. Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical and Assignment Operators. Expressions: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Character and Assignment Expressions. Fortran Statements: I/O Statements (unformatted/formatted), Executable and Non-Executable Statements, Layout of Fortran Program, Format of writing Program and concept of coding, Initialization and Replacement Logic. Examples from physics problems. **(5 Lectures)**

Control Statements: Types of Logic (Sequential, Selection, Repetition), Branching Statements (Logical **IF**, Arithmetic IF, Block IF, Nested Block IF, SELECT CASE and ELSE IF Ladder statements), Looping Statements (DO-CONTINUE, DO-ENDDO, DO- WHILE, Implied and Nested DO Loops), Jumping Statements (Unconditional GOTO, Computed GOTO, Assigned GOTO) Subscripted Variables (Arrays: Types of Arrays, DIMENSION Statement, Reading and Writing Arrays), Functions and Subroutines (Arithmetic Statement Function, Function Subprogram and Subroutine), RETURN, CALL, COMMON and EQUIVALENCE Statements), Structure, Disk I/O Statements, open a file, writing in a file, reading from a file. Examples from physics problems.

Programming:

1. Exercises on syntax on usage of FORTRAN
2. Usage of GUI Windows, Linux Commands, familiarity with DOS commands and working in an editor to write sources codes in FORTRAN.
3. To print out all natural even/ odd numbers between given limits.
4. To find maximum, minimum and range of a given set of numbers.
5. Calculating Euler number using $\exp(x)$ series evaluated at $x=1$ **(6 Lectures)**

Scientific word processing: Introduction to LaTeX: TeX/LaTeX word processor, preparing a basic LaTeX file, Document classes, Preparing an input file for LaTeX, Compiling LaTeX File, LaTeX tags for creating different environments, Defining LaTeX commands and environments, Changing the type style, Symbols from other languages. Equation representation: Formulae and equations, Figures and other floating bodies, Lining in columns- Tabbing and tabular environment, Generating table of contents, bibliography and citation, Making an index and glossary, List making environments, Fonts, Picture environment and colors, errors. **(6 Lectures)**

Visualization: Introduction to graphical analysis and its limitations. Introduction to Gnuplot. importance of visualization of computational and computational data, basic Gnuplot commands: simple plots, plotting data from a file, saving and exporting, multiple data sets per file, physics with Gnuplot (equations, building functions, user defined variables and functions), Understanding data with Gnuplot

Hands on exercises:

1. To compile a frequency distribution and evaluate mean, standard deviation etc.
2. To evaluate sum of finite series and the area under a curve.

3. To find the product of two matrices
4. To find a set of prime numbers and Fibonacci series.
5. To write program to open a file and generate data for plotting using Gnuplot.

6. Plotting trajectory of a projectile projected horizontally.
7. Plotting trajectory of a projectile projected making an angle with the horizontally.
8. Creating an input Gnuplot file for plotting a data and saving the output for seeing on the screen. Saving it as an eps file and as a pdf file.
9. To find the roots of a quadratic equation.
10. Motion of a projectile using simulation and plot the output for visualization.
11. Numerical solution of equation of motion of simple harmonic oscillator and plot the outputs for visualization.
12. Motion of particle in a central force field and plot the output for visualization.

(9 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, 5th Edn., 2012, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Computer Programming in Fortran 77”. V. Rajaraman (Publisher: PHI).
- LaTeX–A Document Preparation System”, Leslie Lamport (Second Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1994).
- Gnuplot in action: understanding data with graphs, Philip K Janert, (Manning 2010)
- Schaum’s Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with Fortran, S Lipsdutz and A Poe, 1986Mc-Graw Hill Book Co.
- Computational Physics: An Introduction, R. C. Verma, et al. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi(1999)
- A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher and C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning
- Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3rd Edn . , 2 007, Wiley India Edition.

SEC 003 ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS AND NETWORK SKILLS

(Credits: 02)

30 Lectures

Basic Electricity Principles: Voltage, Current, Resistance, and Power. Ohm's law. Series, parallel, and series-parallel combinations. AC Electricity and DC Electricity. Familiarization with multimeter, voltmeter and ammeter.

(3 Lectures)

Understanding Electrical Circuits: Main electric circuit elements and their combination. Rules to analyze DC sourced electrical circuits. Current and voltage drop across the DC circuit elements. Single-phase and three-phase alternating current sources. Rules to analyze AC sourced electrical circuits. Real, imaginary

and complex power components of AC source. Power factor. Saving energy and money.

(4 Lectures)

Electrical Drawing and Symbols: Drawing symbols. Blueprints. Reading Schematics. Ladder diagrams. Electrical Schematics. Power circuits. Control circuits. Reading of circuit schematics. Tracking the connections of elements and identify current flow and voltage drop.

(4 Lectures)

Generators and Transformers: DC Power sources. AC/DC generators. Inductance, capacitance, and impedance. Operation of transformers.

(3 Lectures)

Electric Motors: Single-phase, three-phase & DC motors. Basic design. Interfacing DC or AC sources to control heaters & motors. Speed & power of ac motor.

(4 Lectures)

Solid-State Devices: Resistors, inductors and capacitors. Diode and rectifiers. Components in Series or in shunt. Response of inductors and capacitors with DC or AC sources.

(3 Lectures)

Electrical Protection: Relays. Fuses and disconnect switches. Circuit breakers. Overload devices. Ground-fault protection. Grounding and isolating. Phase reversal. Surge protection. Interfacing DC or AC sources to control elements (relay protection device)

(4 Lectures)

Electrical Wiring: Different types of conductors and cables. Basics of wiring- Star and delta connection. Voltage drop and losses across cables and conductors. Instruments to measure current, voltage, power in DC and AC circuits. Insulation. Solid and stranded cable. Conduit. Cable trays. Splices: wirenuts, crimps, terminal blocks, split bolts, and solder. Preparation of extension board.

(5 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- A text book in Electrical Technology - B L Theraja - S Chand & Co.
- A text book of Electrical Technology - A K Theraja
- Performance and design of AC machines - M G Say ELBS Edn.

SEC 004 BASIC INSTRUMENTATION SKILLS

(Credits: 02)

30 Lectures

Basic of Measurement: Instruments accuracy, precision, sensitivity, resolution range etc. Errors in measurements and loading effects.

Multimeter: Principles of measurement of dc voltage and dc current, ac voltage, ac current and resistance. Specifications of a multimeter and their

significance.

(4 Lectures)

Electronic Voltmeter: Advantage over conventional multimeter for voltage measurement with respect to input impedance and sensitivity. Principles of voltage measurement (block diagram only). Specifications of an electronic Voltmeter/ Multimeter and their significance.

AC millivoltmeter: Type of AC millivoltmeters: Amplifier- rectifier, and rectifier- amplifier. Block diagram ac millivoltmeter, specifications and their significance.

(4 Lectures)

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope: Block diagram of basic CRO. Construction of CRT, Electron gun, electrostatic focusing and acceleration (Explanation only– no mathematical treatment), brief discussion on screen phosphor, visual persistence & chemical composition. Time base operation, synchronization. Front panel controls. Specifications of a CRO and their significance. Use of CRO for the measurement of voltage (dc and ac frequency, time period. Special features of dual trace, introduction to digital oscilloscope, probes. Digital storage Oscilloscope: Block diagram and principle of working.

(9 Lectures)

Signal Generators and Analysis Instruments: Block diagram, explanation and specifications of low frequency signal generators. pulse generator, and function generator. Brief idea for testing, specifications. Distortion factor meter, wave analysis.

(4 Lectures)

Impedance Bridges & Q-Meters: Block diagram of bridge. working principles of basic (balancing type) RLC bridge. Specifications of RLC bridge. Block diagram & working principles of a Q- Meter. Digital LCR bridges.

(3 Lectures)

Digital Instruments: Principle and working of digital meters. Comparison of analog & digital instruments. Characteristics of a digital meter. Working principles of digital voltmeter.

(3 Lectures)

Digital Multimeter: Block diagram and working of a digital multimeter. Working principle of time interval, frequency and period measurement using universal counter/ frequency counter, time- base stability, accuracy and resolution.

(3 Lectures)

The test of lab skills will be of the following test items:

1. Use of an oscilloscope.
2. CRO as a versatile measuring device.
3. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
4. Use of Digital multimeter/VTVM for measuring voltages

5. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
6. Winding a coil / transformer.
7. Study the layout of receiver circuit.
8. Trouble shooting a circuit
9. Balancing of bridges

Laboratory Exercises:

1. To observe the loading effect of a multimeter while measuring voltage across a low resistance and high resistance.
2. To observe the limitations of a multimeter for measuring high frequency voltage and currents.
3. To measure Q of a coil and its dependence on frequency, using a Q- meter.
4. Measurement of voltage, frequency, time period and phase angle using CRO.
5. Measurement of time period, frequency, average period using universal counter/ frequency counter.
6. Measurement of rise, fall and delay times using a CRO.
7. Measurement of distortion of a RF signal generator using distortion factor meter.
8. Measurement of R, L and C using a LCR bridge/ universal bridge.

Open Ended Experiments:

1. Using a Dual Trace Oscilloscope
2. Converting the range of a given measuring instrument (voltmeter, ammeter)

• **Reference Books:**

- A text book in Electrical Technology - B L Theraja - S Chand and Co.
- Performance and design of AC machines - M G Say ELBS Edn.
- Digital Circuits and systems, Venugopal, 2011, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Logic circuit design, Shimon P. Vingron, 2012, Springer.
- Digital Electronics, Subrata Ghoshal, 2012, Cengage Learning.
- Electronic Devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan & N. S.Kumar, 3rd Ed., 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- Electronic circuits: Handbook of design and applications, U.Tietze, Ch.Schenk, 2008, Springer
- Electronic Devices, 7/e Thomas L. Floyd, 2008, Pearson India

SEC 005 RENEWABLE ENERGY AND ENERGY HARVESTING

(Credits: 02)

30 Lectures

Fossil fuels and Alternate Sources of energy: Fossil fuels and nuclear energy, their limitation, need of renewable energy, non-conventional energy sources. An overview of developments in Offshore Wind Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave energy systems, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion, solar energy, biomass, biochemical conversion, biogas generation, geothermal energy tidal energy, Hydroelectricity.

(3 Lectures)

Solar energy: Solar energy, its importance, storage of solar energy, solar pond, non convective solar pond, applications of solar pond and solar energy, solar water heater, flat plate collector, solar distillation, solar cooker, solar green houses, solar cell, absorption air conditioning. Need and characteristics of photovoltaic (PV) systems, PV models and equivalent circuits, and sun tracking systems. **(6 Lectures)**

Wind Energy harvesting: Fundamentals of Wind energy, Wind Turbines and different electrical machines in wind turbines, Power electronic interfaces, and grid interconnection topologies. **(3 Lectures)**

Ocean Energy: Ocean Energy Potential against Wind and Solar, Wave Characteristics and Statistics, Wave Energy Devices. Tide characteristics and Statistics, Tide Energy Technologies, Ocean Thermal Energy, Osmotic Power, Ocean Bio-mass. **(5 Lectures)**

Geothermal Energy: Geothermal Resources, Geothermal Technologies. **(3 Lectures)**

Hydro Energy: Hydropower resources, hydropower technologies, environmental impact of hydro power sources. **(3 Lectures)**

Piezoelectric Energy harvesting: Introduction, Physics and characteristics of piezoelectric effect, materials and mathematical description of piezoelectricity, Piezoelectric parameters and modeling piezoelectric generators, Piezoelectric energy harvesting applications, Human power **(4 Lectures)**

Electromagnetic Energy Harvesting: Linear generators, physics mathematical models, recent applications, Carbon captured technologies, cell, batteries, power consumption, Environmental issues and Renewable sources of energy, sustainability. **(3 Lecture)**

Demonstrations and Experiments

1. Demonstration of Training modules on Solar energy, wind energy, etc.
2. Conversion of vibration to voltage using piezoelectric materials
3. Conversion of thermal energy into voltage using thermoelectric modules.

Reference Books:

- Non-conventional energy sources - G.D Rai - Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- Solar energy - M P Agarwal - S Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Solar energy - Suhas P Sukhative Tata McGraw - Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a sustainable future", 2004, Oxford University Press, in association with The Open University.
- Dr. P Jayakumar, Solar Energy: Resource Assesment Handbook, 2009

- J.Balfour, M.Shaw and S. Jarosek, Photovoltaics, Lawrence J Goodrich (USA).
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Renewable_energy
-

SEC 006 TECHNICAL DRAWING

(Credits: 02)

30 Lectures

Introduction: Drafting Instruments and their uses. lettering: construction and uses of various scales: dimensioning as per I.S.I. 696-1972. Engineering Curves: Parabola: hyperbola: ellipse: cycloids, involute: spiral: helix and loci of points of simple moving mechanism. 2D geometrical construction. Representation of 3D objects. Principles of projections. **(4 Lectures)**

Projections: Straight lines, planes and solids. Development of surfaces of right and oblique solids. Section of solids. **(6 Lectures)**

Object Projections: Orthographic projection. Interpenetration and intersection of solids. Isometric and oblique parallel projection of solids. **(4 Lectures)**

CAD Drawing: Introduction to CAD and Auto CAD, precision drawing and drawing aids, Geometric shapes, Demonstrating CAD- specific skills (graphical user interface. Create, retrieve, edit, and use symbol libraries. Use inquiry commands to extract drawing data). Control entity properties. Demonstrating basic skills to produce 2-D and 3-D drawings. 3D modeling with Auto CAD (surfaces and solids), 3D modeling with sketch up, annotating in Auto CAD with text and hatching, layers, templates & design center, advanced plotting (layouts, viewports), office standards, dimensioning, internet and collaboration, Blocks, Drafting symbols, attributes, extracting data. basic printing, editing tools, Plot/Print drawing to appropriate scale. **(16 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- K. Venugopal, and V. Raja Prabhu. Engineering Graphic, New Age International
 - AutoCAD 2014 & AutoCAD 2014/Donnie Gladfelter/Sybex/ISBN:978-1-118-57510-9
 - Architectural Design with Sketchup/Alexander Schreyer/John Wiley & Sons/ISBN: 978-1-118-12309-6
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SEC 007 RADIATION SAFETY

(Credits: 02)

30 Lectures

Basics of Atomic and Nuclear Physics: Basic concept of atomic structure; X rays characteristic and production; concept of bremsstrahlung and auger electron, The composition of nucleus and its properties, mass number, isotopes of element, spin, binding energy, stable and unstable isotopes, law of radioactive decay, Mean life and half life, basic concept of alpha, beta and gamma decay, concept of cross section and kinematics of nuclear reactions, types of nuclear reaction, Fusion, fission. **(6 Lectures)**

Interaction of Radiation with matter: Types of Radiation: Alpha, Beta, Gamma and Neutron and their sources, sealed and unsealed sources, Interaction of Photons - Photo- electric effect, Compton Scattering, Pair Production, Linear and Mass Attenuation Coefficients, Interaction of Charged Particles: Heavy charged particles - Beth-Bloch Formula, Scaling laws, Mass Stopping Power, Range, Straggling, Channeling and Cherenkov radiation. Beta Particles- Collision and Radiation loss (Bremsstrahlung), Interaction of Neutrons- Collision, slowing down and Moderation. **(7 Lectures)**

Radiation detection and monitoring devices: Radiation Quantities and Units: Basic idea of different units of activity, KERMA, exposure, absorbed dose, equivalent dose, effective dose, collective equivalent dose, Annual Limit of Intake (ALI) and derived Air Concentration (DAC). Radiation detection: Basic concept and working principle of *gas detectors* (Ionization Chambers, Proportional Counter, Multi-Wire Proportional Counters (MWPC) and Gieger Muller Counter), Scintillation Detectors (Inorganic and Organic Scintillators), Solid States Detectors and Neutron Detectors, Thermo luminescent Dosimetry. **(7 Lectures)**

Radiation safety management: Biological effects of ionizing radiation, Operational limits and basics of radiation hazards evaluation and control: radiation protection standards, International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) principles, justification, optimization, limitation, introduction of safety and risk management of radiation. Nuclear waste and disposal management. Brief idea about Accelerator driven Sub-critical system (ADS) for waste management. **(5 Lectures)**

Application of nuclear techniques: Application in medical science (e.g., MRI, PET, Projection Imaging Gamma Camera, radiation therapy), Archaeology, Art, Crime detection, Mining and oil. *Industrial Uses:* Tracing, Gauging, Material Modification, Sterization, Food preservation **(5 Lectures)**

Experiments:

1. Study the background radiation levels using Radiation meter
- 2) Study of characteristics of GM tube and determination of operating voltage and plateau length using background radiation as source (without commercial source).
- 3) Study of counting statistics using background radiation using GM counter.
- 4) Study of radiation in various materials (e.g. K₂SO₄ etc.). Investigation of possible radiation in different routine materials by operating GM at operating voltage.
- 5) Study of absorption of beta particles in Aluminum using GM counter.
- 6) Detection of α particles using reference source & determining its half life using spark counter
- 7) Gamma spectrum of Gas Light mantle (Source of Thorium)

Reference Books:

1. W.E. Burcham and M. Jobes – Nuclear and Particle Physics – Longman (1995)
2. G.F.Knoll, Radiation detection and measurements
3. Thermoluminescence Dosimetry, Mcknlly, A.F., Bristol, Adam Hilger (Medical Physics Handbook 5)
4. W.J. Meredith and J.B. Massey, “Fundamental Physics of Radiology”. John Wright and Sons, UK, 1989.
5. J.R. Greening, “Fundamentals of Radiation Dosimetry”, Medical Physics Hand Book Series, No.6, Adam Hilger Ltd., Bristol 1981.
6. Practical Applications of Radioactivity and Nuclear Radiations, G.C. Lowental and P.L. Airey, Cambridge University Press, U.K., 2001
7. A. Martin and S.A. Harbisor, An Introduction to Radiation Protection, John Willey & Sons, Inc. New York, 1981.
8. NCRP, ICRP, ICRU, IAEA, AERB Publications.
9. W.R. Hendee, “Medical Radiation Physics”, Year Book – Medical Publishers Inc. London, 1981

SEC 008 WEATHER FORECASTING**(Credits: 02)****Theory: 30 Lectures**

Introduction to atmosphere: Elementary idea of atmosphere: physical structure and composition; compositional layering of the atmosphere; variation of pressure and temperature with height; air temperature; requirements to measure air temperature; temperature sensors: types; atmospheric pressure: its measurement; cyclones and anticyclones: its characteristics.

(9 Lectures)

Measuring the weather: Wind; forces acting to produce wind; wind speed direction: units, its direction; measuring wind speed and direction; humidity, clouds and rainfall, radiation: absorption, emission and scattering in atmosphere; radiation laws.

(4 Lectures)

Weather systems: Global wind systems; air masses and fronts: classifications; jet streams; local thunderstorms; tropical

(3 Lectures)

Climate and Climate Change: Climate: its classification; causes of climate change; global warming and its outcomes; air pollution; aerosols, ozone depletion, acid rain, environmental issues related to climate.

(6 Lectures)

Basics of weather forecasting: Weather forecasting: analysis and its historical background; need of measuring weather; types of weather forecasting; weather forecasting methods; criteria of choosing weather station; basics of choosing site and exposure; satellites observations in weather forecasting; weather maps; uncertainty and predictability; probability forecasts.

(8 Lectures)

Demonstrations and Experiments:

1. Study of synoptic charts & weather reports, working principle of weather station.
2. Processing and analysis of weather data:
 - (a) To calculate the sunniest time of the year.
 - (b) To study the variation of rainfall amount and intensity by wind direction.
 - (c) To observe the sunniest/driest day of the week.
 - (d) To examine the maximum and minimum temperature throughout the year.
 - (e) To evaluate the relative humidity of the day.
 - (f) To examine the rainfall amount month wise.
3. Exercises in chart reading: Plotting of constant pressure charts, surfaces charts, upper wind charts and its analysis.
4. Formats and elements in different types of weather forecasts/ warning (both aviation and non aviation)

Reference books:

1. Aviation Meteorology, I.C. Joshi, 3rd edition 2014, Himalayan Books
 2. The weather Observers Hand book, Stephen Burt, 2012, Cambridge University Press.
 3. Meteorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2001, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
 4. Text Book of Agrometeorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2005, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
 5. Why the weather, Charls Franklin Brooks, 1924, Chpraman & Hall, London.
 6. Atmosphere and Ocean, John G. Harvey, 1995, The Artemis Press.
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GENERIC ELECTIVE COURSE (Minor-Physics)
(2 papers to be selected by other Departments from GE 001 to GE 007)

GE001: MECHANICS
(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)
Theory: 60 Lectures

Vectors: Vector algebra. Scalar and vector products. Derivatives of a vector with respect to a parameter. **(4Lectures)**

Ordinary Differential Equations: 1st order homogeneous differential equations. 2nd order homogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients. **(6 Lectures)**

Laws of Motion: Frames of reference. Newton's Laws of motion. Dynamics of a system of particles. Centre of Mass. **(10Lectures)**

Momentum and Energy: Conservation of momentum. Work and energy. Conservation of energy. Motion of rockets. **(6Lectures)**

Rotational Motion: Angular velocity and angular momentum. Torque. Conservation of angular momentum. **(5Lectures)**

Gravitation: Newton's Law of Gravitation. Motion of a particle in a central force field (motion is in a plane, angular momentum is conserved, areal velocity is constant). Kepler's Laws (statement only). Satellite in circular orbit and applications. Geosynchronous orbits. Basic idea of global positioning system (GPS). Weightlessness. Physiological effects on astronauts. **(8Lectures)**

Oscillations: Simple harmonic motion. Differential equation of SHM and its solutions. Kinetic and Potential Energy, Total Energy and their time averages. Damped oscillations. **(6Lectures)**

Elasticity: Hooke's law - Stress-strain diagram - Elastic moduli-Relation between elastic constants - Poisson's Ratio-Expression for Poisson's ratio in terms of elastic constants - Work done in stretching and work done in twisting a wire - Twisting couple on a cylinder - Determination of Rigidity modulus by static torsion – Torsional pendulum-Determination of Rigidity modulus and moment of inertia by Searle's method.

(8Lectures)

Special Theory of Relativity: Constancy of speed of light. Postulates of Special Theory of Relativity. Length contraction. Time dilation. Relativistic addition of velocities. **(7 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- University Physics. F.W. Sears, M.W. Zemansky and H.D. Young, 13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley
 - Mechanics Berkeley Physics, v.1: Charles Kittel, et. al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
 - Physics – Resnick, Halliday & Walker 9/e, 2010, Wiley
 - Under graduate Physics Bhattacharya and Bhattacharya, NCBA, Kolkata
 - Engineering Mechanics, Basudeb Bhattacharya, 2nd edn., 2015, Oxford University Press
 - University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
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PHYSICS LAB: GE LAB: MECHANICS

60 Classes

1. Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope.
2. To determine the Height of a Building using a Sextant.
3. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
4. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
5. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.
6. To determine the Elastic Constants of a Wire by Searle's method.
7. To determine g by Bar Pendulum.
8. To determine g by Kater's Pendulum.
9. To study the Motion of a Spring and calculate (a) Spring Constant, (b) g.

Reference Books:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.
 - Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick, 2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
 - Advanced Practical Physics, Bhattacharya and Bhattacharya, Medical Allied gency
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
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GE002: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Vector Analysis: Review of vector algebra (Scalar and Vector product), gradient, divergence, Curl and their significance, Vector Integration, Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector fields, Gauss-divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem of vectors (statement only).

(12 Lectures)

Electrostatics: Electrostatic Field, electric flux, Gauss's theorem of electrostatics. Applications of Gauss theorem- Electric field due to point charge, infinite line of charge, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere, plane charged sheet, charged conductor. Electric potential as line integral of electric field, potential due to a point charge, electric dipole, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere. Calculation of electric field from potential. Capacitance of an isolated spherical conductor. Parallel plate, spherical and cylindrical condenser. Energy per unit volume in electrostatic field. Dielectric medium, Polarisation, Displacement vector. Gauss's theorem in dielectrics. Parallel plate capacitor completely filled with dielectric.

(22 Lectures)

Magnetism:

Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law and its applications- straight conductor, circular coil, solenoid carrying current. Divergence and curl of magnetic field. Magnetic vector potential. Ampere's circuital law.

Magnetic properties of materials: Magnetic intensity, magnetic induction, permeability, magnetic susceptibility. Brief introduction of dia-, para-and ferro- magnetic materials.

(10 Lectures)

Electromagnetic Induction: Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law, self and mutual inductance, L of single coil, M of two coils. Energy stored in magnetic field.

(6 Lectures)

Maxwell's equations and Electromagnetic wave propagation: Equation of continuity of current, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Poynting vector, energy density in electromagnetic field, electromagnetic wave propagation through vacuum and isotropic dielectric medium, transverse nature of EM waves, polarization.

(10 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986, McGraw-Hill Education
 - Electricity & Magnetism, J.H. Fewkes & J. Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press
 - Electricity and Magnetism, D C Tayal, 1988, Himalaya Publishing House.
 - University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
 - D.J.Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3rd Edn, 1998, Benjamin Cummings.
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GE LAB: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM**60 Classes**

1. To use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c) DC Current, and (d) checking electrical fuses.
2. Ballistic Galvanometer:
 - (i) Measurement of charge and current sensitivity
 - (ii) Measurement of CDR
 - (iii) Determine a high resistance by Leakage Method
 - (iv) To determine Self Inductance of a Coil by Rayleigh's Method.
3. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
4. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a Solenoid (Determine $\frac{dB}{dx}$)
5. To study the Characteristics of a Series RC Circuit.
6. To study a series LCR circuit LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant frequency, (b) Quality factor
7. To study a parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti-resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor Q
8. To determine a Low Resistance by Carey Foster's Bridge.
9. To verify the Thevenin and Norton theorems
10. To verify the Superposition, and Maximum Power Transfer Theorems

Reference Books

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint & H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed.2011, Kitab Mahal
 - Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
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GE 003: THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

60 Lectures

Laws of Thermodynamics: Thermodynamic Description of system: Zeroth Law of thermodynamics and temperature. First law and internal energy, conversion of heat into work, Various Thermodynamical Processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between CP and CV, Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes, Compressibility and Expansion Coefficient, Reversible and irreversible processes, Second law and Entropy, Carnot's cycle & theorem, Entropy changes in reversible & irreversible processes, Entropy-temperature diagrams, Third law of thermodynamics, Unattainability of absolute zero.

(22 Lectures)

Thermodynamical Potentials: Enthalpy, Gibbs, Helmholtz and Internal Energy functions, Maxwell's relations and applications - Joule-Thompson Effect, Clausius- Clapeyron Equation, Expression for $(C_P - C_V)$, C_P/C_V , TdS equations.

(10 Lectures)

Kinetic Theory of Gases: Derivation of Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities and its experimental verification, Mean free path (Zeroth Order), Transport Phenomena: Viscosity, Conduction and Diffusion (for vertical case), Law of equipartition of energy (no derivation) and its applications to specific heat of gases; mono-atomic and diatomic gases.

(10 Lectures)

Theory of Radiation: Blackbody radiation, Spectral distribution, Concept of Energy Density, Derivation of Planck's law, Deduction of Wien's distribution law, Rayleigh- Jeans Law, Stefan Boltzmann Law and Wien's displacement law from Planck's law.

(6 Lectures)

Statistical Mechanics: Phase space, Macrostate and Microstate, Entropy and Thermodynamic probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann law - distribution of velocity - Quantum statistics - Fermi-Dirac distribution law - electron gas - Bose-Einstein distribution law - photon gas - comparison of three statistics.

(12 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and C. Ghosh, 1993, Tata McGraw-Hill.
 - A Treatise on Heat, Meghnad Saha, and B.N. Srivastava, 1969, Indian Press.
 - Thermodynamics, Enrico Fermi, 1956, Courier Dover Publications.
 - Heat and Thermodynamics, M.W.Zemasky and R. Dittman, 1981, McGraw Hill
 - Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory & Statistical thermodynamics, F.W.Sears and G.L. Salinger. 1988, Narosa
 - University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
 - Thermal Physics, A. Kumar and S.P. Taneja, 2014, R. chand Publications.
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GE LAB: THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

60 Classes

1. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constant flow method.
2. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation.
3. To determine Stefan's Constant.
4. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of Cu by Searle's Apparatus.
5. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.
6. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
7. To determine the temperature co-efficient of resistance by Platinum resistance thermometer.
8. To study the variation of thermo emf across two junctions of a thermocouple with temperature.
9. To record and analyze the cooling temperature of an hot object as a function of time using a thermocouple and suitable data acquisition system
10. To calibrate Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) using Null Method/Off- Balance Bridge

Reference Books:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint & H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
 - A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes, D.P. Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Publication.
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GE 004: WAVES AND OPTICS

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

60 Lectures

Superposition of Two Collinear Harmonic oscillations: Linearity & Superposition Principle. (1) Oscillations having equal frequencies and (2) Oscillations having different frequencies (Beats). **(4 Lectures)**

Superposition of Two Perpendicular Harmonic Oscillations: Graphical

and Analytical Methods. Lissajous Figures with equal and unequal frequency and their uses. **(2 Lectures)**

Waves Motion- General: Transverse waves on a string. Travelling and standing waves on a string. Normal Modes of a string. Group velocity, Phase velocity. Plane waves. Spherical waves, Wave intensity. **(7 Lectures)**

Fluids: Surface Tension: Synclastic and anticlastic surface - Excess of pressure - Application to spherical and cylindrical drops and bubbles - variation of surface tension with temperature - Jaeger's method. Viscosity - Rate flow of liquid in a capillary tube - Poiseuille's formula - Determination of coefficient of viscosity of a liquid - Variations of viscosity of liquid with temperature- lubrication. **(6 Lectures)**

Sound: Simple harmonic motion - forced vibrations and resonance - Fourier's Theorem - Application to saw tooth wave and square wave - Intensity and loudness of sound - Decibels - Intensity levels - musical notes - musical scale. Acoustics of buildings: Reverberation and time of reverberation - Absorption coefficient - Sabine's formula - measurement of reverberation time - Acoustic aspects of halls and auditoria. **(6 Lectures)**

Wave Optics: Electromagnetic nature of light. Definition and Properties of wave front. Huygens Principle. **(3 Lectures)**

Interference: Interference: Division of amplitude and division of wavefront. Young's Double Slit experiment. Lloyd's Mirror and Fresnel's Biprism. Phase change on reflection: Stokes' treatment. Interference in Thin Films: parallel and wedge-shaped films. Fringes of equal inclination (Haidinger Fringes); Fringes of equal thickness (Fizeau Fringes). Newton's Rings: measurement of wavelength and refractive index. **(10 Lectures)**

Michelson's Interferometer: Idea of formation of fringes (no theory needed), Determination of wavelength, Wavelength difference, Refractive index, and Visibility of fringes. **(3 Lectures)**

Diffraction: Fraunhofer diffraction- Single slit; Double Slit. Multiple slits and Diffraction grating. Fresnel Diffraction: Half-period zones. Zone plate. Fresnel Diffraction pattern of a straight edge, a slit and a wire using half-period zone analysis. **(14 Lectures)**

Polarization: Transverse nature of light waves. Plane polarized light - production and analysis. Circular and elliptical polarization. **(5 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- Fundamentals of Optics, F.A Jenkins and H.E White, 1976, McGraw-Hill
 - Principles of Optics, B.K. Mathur, 1995, Gopal Printing
 - Fundamentals of Optics, H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna, 1991, R. Chand Publications
 - University Physics. F.W. Sears, M.W. Zemansky and H.D. Young. 13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley
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GE LAB: WAVES AND OPTICS**60 Classes**

1. To investigate the motion of coupled oscillators
2. To determine the Frequency of an Electrically Maintained Tuning Fork by Melde's Experiment and to verify $\lambda^2 - T$ Law.
3. To study Lissajous Figures
4. Familiarization with Schuster's focussing; determination of angle of prism.
5. To determine the Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's method).
6. To determine the Refractive Index of the Material of a Prism using Sodium Light.
7. To determine Dispersive Power of the Material of a Prism using Mercury Light
8. To determine the value of Cauchy Constants.
9. To determine the Resolving Power of a Prism.
10. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.
11. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
12. To determine the wavelength of Laser light using Diffraction of Single Slit.
13. To determine wavelength of (1) Sodium and (2) Spectral lines of the Mercury light using plane diffraction Grating
14. To determine the Resolving Power of a Plane Diffraction Grating.
15. To measure the intensity using photosensor and laser in diffraction patterns of single and double slits.

Reference Books:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
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GE005: DIGITAL, ANALOG CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTATION
(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Digital Circuits : Difference between Analog and Digital Circuits. Binary Numbers. Decimal to Binary and Binary to Decimal Conversion, AND, OR and NOT Gates (Realization using Diodes and Transistor). NAND and NOR Gates as Universal Gates. XOR and XNOR Gates. **(4Lectures)**

De Morgan's Theorems. Boolean Laws. Simplification of Logic Circuit using Boolean Algebra. Fundamental Products. Minterms and Maxterms. Conversion of a Truth Table into an Equivalent Logic Circuit by (1) Sum of Products Method and (2) Karnaugh Map. **(5Lectures)**

Binary Addition. Binary Subtraction using 2's Complement Method). Half Adders and Full Adders and Subtractors, 4-bit binary Adder-Subtractor. **(4Lectures)**

Semiconductor Devices and Amplifiers: Semiconductor Diodes: P and N type semiconductors. Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Qualitative Idea of Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. PN junction and its characteristics. Static and Dynamic Resistance. Principle and structure of (1) LEDs, (2) Photodiode, (3) Solar Cell. **(5 Lectures)**

Bipolar Junction transistors: n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations. Active, Cutoff & Saturation regions Current gains α and β . Relations between α and β . Load Line analysis of Transistors. DC Load line & Q- point. Voltage Divider Bias Circuit for CE Amplifier. h-parameter Equivalent Circuit. Analysis of single-stage CE amplifier using hybrid Model. Input & output Impedance. Current, Voltage and Power gains. Class A, B & C Amplifiers. **(12Lectures)**

Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach): Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp (IC 741), Open-loop and closed- loop Gain. CMRR, concept of Virtual ground. Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and non-inverting Amplifiers, (2) Adder, (3) Subtractor, (4) Differentiator, (5) Integrator, (6) Zero crossing detector. **(13Lectures)**

Sinusoidal Oscillators: Barkhausen's Criterion for Self-sustained Oscillations. Determination of Frequency of RC Oscillator **(5Lectures)**

Instrumentations: Introduction to CRO: Block Diagram of CRO. Applications of CRO: (1) Study of Waveform, (2) Measurement of Voltage, Current, Frequency, and Phase Difference. **(3Lectures)**

Power Supply: Half-wave Rectifiers. Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave

Rectifiers Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, Basic idea about capacitor filter, Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation.(6 Lectures) Timer IC: IC 555 Pin diagram and its application as Astable and Monostable Multivibrator.

(3 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, 1991, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
 - Electronic devices & circuits, S. Salivahanan & N.S. Kumar, 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
 - Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, 2nd Edn., 2011, Cengage Learning.
 - Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Tech., Helfrick and Cooper, 1990, PHI Learning
 - Digital Principles and Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach and Saha, 7th Ed., 2011, Tata McGraw Hill
 - Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
 - Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, A. Anand Kumar, 2nd Edition, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd.
 - OP-AMP & Linear Digital Circuits, R.A. Gayakwad, 2000, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
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GE LAB: DIGITAL, ANALOG CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTS

60 Classes

1. To measure (a) Voltage, and (b) Frequency of a periodic waveform using CRO
2. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
3. To minimize a given logic circuit.
4. Half adder, Full adder and 4-bit Binary Adder.
5. Adder-Subtractor using Full Adder I.C.
6. To design an astable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
7. To design a monostable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
8. To study IV characteristics of PN diode, Zener and Light emitting diode
9. To study the characteristics of a Transistor in CE configuration.

10. To design a CE amplifier of given gain (mid-gain) using voltage divider bias.
11. To design an inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its frequency response.
12. To design a non-inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its Frequency Response.
13. To study Differential Amplifier of given I/O specification using Op-amp.
14. To investigate a differentiator made using op-amp.
15. To design a Wien Bridge Oscillator using an op-amp.

Reference Books:

- Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, 1994, Mc-Graw Hill.
 - Electronics: Fundamentals and Applications, J.D. Ryder, 2004, Prentice Hall.
 - OP-Amps & Linear Integrated Circuit, R.A. Gayakwad, 4th Edn, 2000, Prentice Hall.
 - Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, 2008, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
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GE 006: MODERN PHYSICS
(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)
Theory: 60 Lectures

Quantum theory:

Planck's quantum, Planck's constant and light as a collection of photons; Blackbody radiation. Quantum theory of Light; Photo-electric effect and Compton scattering. De Broglie wavelength and matter waves; Davisson-Germer experiment. Wave description of particles by wave packets. Group and Phase velocities and relation between them. Two-Slit experiment with electrons. Probability. Wave amplitude and wave functions.

(14 Lectures)

Position measurement: gamma ray microscope thought experiment; Wave-particle duality, Heisenberg uncertainty principle (Uncertainty relations involving Canonical pair of variables): Derivation from Wave Packets impossibility of a particle following a trajectory; Estimating minimum energy of a confined particle using uncertainty principle; Energy-time uncertainty principle- application to virtual particles and range of an interaction.

(5 Lectures)

Two slit interference experiment with photons, atoms and particles; linear superposition principle as a consequence; Matter waves and wave amplitude; Schrodinger equation for non-relativistic particles; Momentum and Energy operators; stationary states; physical interpretation of a wave function, probabilities and normalization; Probability and probability current densities in one dimension.

(10 Lectures)

One dimensional infinitely rigid box- energy eigenvalues and eigenfunctions, normalization; Quantum dot as example; Quantum mechanical scattering and tunnelling in one dimension-across a step potential & rectangular potential barrier.

(10 Lectures)

Nuclear structure

Size and structure of atomic nucleus and its relation with atomic weight; Impossibility of an electron being in the nucleus as a consequence of the uncertainty principle. Nature of nuclear force, NZ graph, Liquid Drop model: semi-empirical

mass formula and binding energy, Nuclear Shell Model and magic numbers.

(6 Lectures)

Radioactivity

Radioactivity: stability of the nucleus; Law of radioactive decay; Mean life and half-life; Alpha decay; Beta decay- energy released, spectrum and Pauli's prediction of neutrino; Gamma ray emission, energy-momentum conservation: electron-positron pair creation by gamma photons in the vicinity of a nucleus.

(8 Lectures)

Nuclear fusion and fission

Fission and fusion- mass deficit, relativity and generation of energy; Fission - nature of fragments and emission of neutrons. Nuclear reactor: slow neutrons interacting with Uranium 235; Fusion and thermonuclear reactions driving stellar energy (brief qualitative discussions).

(3 Lectures)

Lasers

Einstein's A and B coefficients. Metastable states. Spontaneous and Stimulated emissions. Optical Pumping and Population Inversion. Three-Level and Four-Level Lasers. Ruby Laser and He-Ne Laser. Basic lasing.

(4 Lectures)

Reference Books:

- Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, 2009, McGraw-Hill
- Modern Physics, J.R. Taylor, C.D. Zafiratos, M.A. Dubson, 2009, PHI Learning
- Six Ideas that Shaped Physics: Particle Behave like Waves, Thomas A. Moore, 2003, McGraw Hill
- Quantum Physics, Berkeley Physics, Vol.4. E.H. Wichman, 2008, Tata McGraw- Hill Co.
- Modern Physics, R.A. Serway, C.J. Moses, and C.A. Moyer, 2005, Cengage Learning
- Modern Physics, G. Kaur and G.R. Pickrell, 2014, McGraw Hill

GE LAB: ELEMENTS OF MODERN PHYSICS

60 Classes

1. To determine value of Boltzmann constant using V-I characteristic of PN diode.
2. To determine work function of material of filament of directly heated vacuum diode.
3. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.
4. To determine value of Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colours.
5. To determine the wavelength of H-alpha emission line of Hydrogen atom.
6. To determine the absorption lines in the rotational spectrum of Iodine vapour.
7. To study the diffraction patterns of single and double slits using laser and measure its intensity variation using Photosensor & compare with

- incoherent source – Na.
8. Photo-electric effect: photo current versus intensity and wavelength of light; maximum energy of photo-electrons versus frequency of light
 9. To determine the value of e/m by (a) Magnetic focusing or (b) Bar magnet.
 10. To setup the Millikan oil drop apparatus and determine the charge of an electron.

Reference Books:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
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GE007: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

(Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

Theory: 60 Lectures

Crystal Structure: Solids: Amorphous and Crystalline Materials. Lattice Translation Vectors. Lattice with a Basis – Central and Non-Central Elements. Unit Cell. Miller Indices. Reciprocal Lattice. Types of Lattices. Brillouin Zones. Diffraction of X-rays by Crystals. Bragg's Law. Atomic and Geometrical Factor.

(12 Lectures)

Elementary Lattice Dynamics: Lattice Vibrations and Phonons: Linear Monoatomic and Diatomic Chains. Acoustical and Optical Phonons. Qualitative Description of the Phonon Spectrum in Solids. Dulong and Petit's Law, Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat of solids. T^3 law

(10 Lectures)

Magnetic Properties of Matter: Dia-, Para-, Ferri- and Ferromagnetic Materials. Classical Langevin Theory of dia – and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum Mechanical Treatment of Paramagnetism. Curie's law, Weiss's Theory of Ferromagnetism and Ferromagnetic Domains. Discussion of B-H Curve. Hysteresis and Energy Loss.

(12 Lectures)

Dielectric Properties of Materials: Polarization. Local Electric Field at an Atom. Depolarization Field. Electric Susceptibility. Polarizability. Clausius Mosotti Equation. Classical Theory of Electric Polarizability. Normal and

Anomalous Dispersion. Cauchy and Sellmeier relations. Langevin-Debye equation. Complex Dielectric Constant. Optical Phenomena. Application: Plasma Oscillations, Plasma Frequency, Plasmons. **(10 Lectures)**

Elementary band theory: Kronig Penny model. Band Gaps. Conductors, Semiconductors and insulators. P and N type Semiconductors. Conductivity of Semiconductors, mobility, Hall Effect, Hall coefficient. **(10 Lectures)**

Superconductivity: Experimental Results. Critical Temperature. Critical magnetic field. Meissner effect. Type I and type II Superconductors, London's Equation and Penetration Depth. Isotope effect. **(6 Lectures)**

Reference Books:

- Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, 8th Ed., 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
 - Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of India
 - Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
 - Solid State Physics, N.W. Ashcroft and N.D. Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
 - Solid State Physics, Rita John, 2014, McGraw Hill
 - Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H. Luth, 2009, Springer
 - Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson India
 - Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publications
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GE LAB: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

60 Lectures

1. Measurement of susceptibility of paramagnetic solution (Quinck's Tube Method)
2. To measure the Magnetic susceptibility of Solids.
3. To determine the Coupling Coefficient of a Piezoelectric crystal.
4. To measure the Dielectric Constant of a dielectric Materials with frequency
5. To determine the complex dielectric constant and plasma frequency of metal using Surface Plasmon resonance (SPR)
6. To determine the refractive index of a dielectric layer using SPR
7. To study the PE Hysteresis loop of a Ferroelectric Crystal.
8. To study the BH curve of iron using a Solenoid and determine the energy loss.
9. To measure the resistivity of a semiconductor (Ge) crystal with temperature by four-probe method (room temperature to 150 °C) and to determine its band gap.
10. To determine the Hall coefficient of a semiconductor sample.

Reference Books

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
 - Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
 - A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Edn., 2011, Kitab Mahal
 - Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of India
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